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RACINE JOURNAL.

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BENNETT & McCLELLAN

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

Nos. 1 & 2 Second Floor, Masonic Building,

(OVER THE POST OFFICE,)

Racine, ... Wisconsin.

C. W. BENNETT. I. J. M'CLELLAN.

N. H. JOY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office Over H. T. Taylors Store,

Corner of Sixth Street and Court House Square,

RACINE, WIS.

Racine, August 22d, 1865.—38-tf.

Drs. P. R. & A. H. HOY,

PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.

Office Corner Main and Ninth Streets,

RACINE, WIS.

Racine, August 16th, 1865.—38-6m.

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One mile west of

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DR. LUKE'S Dental Office is now located on Sixth street, between Main and Wisconsin Streets, over Mr. Stanley's City Bakery, where he will be glad to see all in want of good Dentistry, either in Filling, Extracting or inserting Artificial Teeth.

I will fill teeth with pure Gold, Silver, and other good materials, so as to preserve them for life. Teeth extracted in the best possible manner, with the latest approved instruments. No mass broken. Teeth inserted in all the best styles known to the Dental Art.

I have practiced my profession for the last ten years in the City of Racine, with good success, and become fully identified with all the material interests of the city, so that I am a permanent fixture, always ready to fulfill my obligations and make good my promises, not here to-day, and gone to-morrow.

Jan. 30, 1866.tf. J. C. LUKE, Dentist.

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Fire Insurance Company,

OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital.....$1,000,000 00

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LaCROSSE HOUSE,

2d WARD, No. 297,

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THE UNDERSIGNED HAS LATELY purchased the Washington House, formerly kept by Joseph Schweiger. The proprietors are well known in this city. They have thoroughly

Refitted the Hotel,

and it will now be kept as a first class hotel.

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H. TYRREL & Co.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Over the First National Bank,

Main Street, Racine, Wisconsin.

015.3m

To Whom it May Concern

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THELEN & Dietrich, of the city of Racine, will be dissolved by mutual consent. All those having claims against the above firm, will bring them in, and all those that are indebted to them by note or book account will please call at the old stand and settle the same immediately. If not settled they will be left in the hands of our attorney for settlement and collection.

Yours, Respectfully,

THELEN & DIETRICH.

The above firm will sell goods from this date, regardless of cost, at reduced rates, until the whole stock is sold. T. & D.

March 1866

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

H. T. TAYLOR,

Corner of Main & 6th St., Racine, Wis.,

HAVING THE SOLE AGENCY FOR the Sale of C. S. Maltby's celebrated Baltimore Oysters, (the same brands as sold by H. Corpe, Chicago,) is prepared to supply the trade on the most reasonable terms. Families supplied in quantities to suit.

Every Can Warranted or Money Refunded.

Call and try them. 53-8m

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

SITUATED ON CORNER OF 11TH AND PEARL sts. Lot 120 feet square. The House, Barn and all the outbuildings are of brick. Good well and cistern.—Choice fruit and shrubbery, and an excellent garden—all in good repair, and is really one of the most desirable localities for a residence in the city. Enquire of

J. A. CARSWELL,

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Sewing Machines

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Kapson's Patent Bobbin Winder,

Which insures the perfection of winding the Bobbin Thread.

Call and C!!

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The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for $90 to $600 each. FIFTY-ONE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York.

September 6th, 1865.—36tf.

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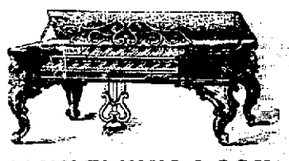
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Silver, Silver Plated and Brittania Ware.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS!



JOHN ELKINS & SON,

TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO say to their friends that they are in receipt of a

New and Splendid Stock

of spring goods of everything which can be called for in their line, among which will be found

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

from the justly celebrated American manufactory; also other imported styles in

Hunting and Open Cases.

A very large assortment of

JEWELRY,

of the latest styles and patterns.

Silver Spoons and Forks

of plain and fancy patterns, made of silver equal to coin.

PLATED AND BRITTANIA WARE.

Clocks of various Sizes and Patterns.

Ladies Traveling and Work Baskets,

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TRAVELING BAGS, POCKET CUTLERY,

Violins, Guitars,

Accordeons, Flutes, &c.

A large assortment of

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.,

expressly for the Holidays.

Chickering & Son and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANO FORTES.

GEORGE A. PRINCE & CO.'S

MELODEONS.

Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted. marl7

New Advertisement!

G. THELEN,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

6th and Wisconsin Streets,

OLD STAND OF

THELEN & DIETRICH,

Is now receiving his

FALL & WINTER

STOCK OF

STAPLE & FANCY

DRY GOODS.

Consisting of all kinds of

Domestics,

Dress Goods,

Cloaks, and

Hoop Skirts.

ALSO,

GROCERIES,

Of the choicest qualities; &c., &c., &c.

FARMER'S PRODUCE

Will be taken in exchange for Goods at the

Highest Market Price.

G. THELEN.

Racine, Mar 26, 1866.

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—AT—

REDUCED PRICES!

DR. H. G. KNAPP,

Member of the Cincinnati Dental College, has located at Racine, Wisconsin, for the practice of

DENTISTRY

In all its branches, including all modern improvements. He feels confident that he can give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage, as his work is not surpassed in Durability, style and finish, in the West. All in want of good Dental work are respectfully solicited to give him a call.

All Dental Work

DONE AS CHEAP AS ELSEWHERE!

For Full Upper Sets, on Rubber Plate.....$ 8 to $18

For Full Upper & Under Sets on Rub'r Plate. 16 to 36

Filling & all other work in Dentistry

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Rooms in the Osborn block over Fletcher's store South side of Court House Square. tf-17

Poetry.

KILLED AT THE FORD.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

He is dead, the beautiful youth;
The heart of honor, the tongue of truth—
He, the life and light of us all,
Whose voice was lithe as a bugle call,
Whom all eyes followed with one consent,
The chief of whose laugh, and whose pleasant word,
Hushed all murmurs of discontent.
Only last night, as we rode along,
Down the dark of the mountain gap,
To visit the picket guard at the ford,
Little dreaming of any mishap,
He was humming the words of some old song:
"Two red roses he had on his cap,
And another he bore at the point of his sword."
Sudden and swift a whistling ball
Came out of the wood and the voice was still;
Something I heard in the darkness fall,
And for a moment my blood grew chill:
I spake in a whisper, as one who speaks
In a room where some one is lying dead;
But he made no answer to what I said.

We lifted him up on the saddle again,
And through the mire and the mist and the rain
Carried him back to the silent camp,
And laid him as if asleep on his bed;
And I saw by the light of the surgeon's lamp
Two white roses upon his cheeks
And one just over his heart blood red!
And I say in a vision how far and fleet
That fatal bullet went speeding forth,
Till it reached a town in the distant North,
Till it reached a house in a sunny street,
Till it reached a heart that ceased to beat
Without a murmur, without a cry;
And a bell tolled in that far off town,
For one who had passed from rose to crown—
And the neighbors wondered that she should die.

Miscellany.

A Modern Sampson.

Perhaps the best authenticated account of any very wonderfully strong man is to be found in the history of Thomas Topham, commonly called the 'strong man.' He was born in London in 1720, and was bred a carpenter, but when about twenty-four he took a public house, and failed soon after. He had often displayed amazing strength, and he determined to make a living by his muscle. Certainly gravitation's laws appeared to be suspended in the case of this extraordinary man, and metals lost their power of resistance in his grasp. Upon being stripped for examination, he was found to be like other men, except that the usual cavities under the arms and hands of others were in him filled with muscles. He was of middle size and weight, and was a very quiet, peaceable man. He could hold under perfect restraint, and with ease to himself, the strongest horse. He lifted a table six feet long, and with fifty pounds on the end of it, by his teeth, and held it in that position for a considerable time. He rolled up a pewter dish weighing seven pounds, with apparently as much ease as the reader would roll up a sheet of paper. He held a pewter quart pot at arm's length and squeezed the sides together like an egg-shell. He lifted two hundred pounds with his little finger, and waved it gently around his head. He lifted Mr. Chambers, a clergyman, who must have lived on the fat of the land, for he weighed three hundred and seventy-eight pounds, with one hand, Mr. Chamber's head being placed on one chair and his feet on another. At a blow he struck an iron bar, one inch in diameter, against his arm, and bent it like a bow.

Steel collars are a recent invention; but Topham invented iron neck-ties. The hostler of the Virgin having insulted him, he took one of the spits from the mantle piece, bent it around his neck like a cravat and tucked it into his bosom. Everybody laughed at the man of horses, and he had to make a humble apology before Topham condescended to release him.

Some of his frolic feats were very surprising. One night, observing a watchman asleep in his watch-box, he picked up watchman and box, carrying them both with the greatest ease, and tipped them over into Tinsdale's burying-ground.

A butcher once passing a window at which Topham was sitting, he stooped down and took half an ox from the fellow's shoulder with so much dexterity and ease that the man swore that the devil had flown away with the beef.

A New Game.

The Petersburg (Virginia) *Index* has been favored with the diagram and explanation of a new game, lately invented by Col. Charles Richardson, formerly the commander of a veteran battalion of artillery in General Lee's army. The *Index* says of it:

"It is somewhat similar to the beautiful and intricate chess, but even more nearly allied in its strategy and combinations to real war than the pastime of Philidor and Kassiru.

War-chess or the game of battle, is played by two persons with pieces representing soldiers, (cavalry, artillery and infantry,) forming two antagonistic armies operating on a board. The board represents a comparatively level country, traversed by a river passable at three points, only, viz: the bridge and two fords.

On one side of the river there is a piece representing a city which is to be defended; and if captured, the player of that side looses the game.

On the other side is a figure representing a wagon—'the supply train' of the army, which must be carefully guarded as its loss is the defeat of the player of the side to which it belongs.

The manoeuvering at the beginning of the game is, of course, on the part of the first to gain, and on that of the second player to prevent, the passage of the river. The dispositions to be made, according to the arrangement of the board and the powers of the pieces, are in accordance with the arms of the service which the figures represent. And in the very opening of the play endless variety is obtainable, as the three assailable points afford easy opportunity for countermovement, diversions, feints, etc.

Once across, there is again room for much contest, as the invaded party, by concentrating rapidly upon the force crossed, and still holding the remaining fords, may any time, by an attack, gain the rear of his unguarded adversary."

—Many a young man picks a wife and picks a goose at the same time.

From the Milwaukee Sentinel.

Wool Interest of Wisconsin.

Convention of Wool-Growers at Burlington —Congress Petitioned to Protect the Wool-Growing Interest by a Tariff—Speeches and Resolutions.

BURLINGTON, WIS., March 23.

A large, enthusiastic and very important meeting of the wool-growers of Southern Wisconsin has just closed its session in this place, and I proposes to give the public, through the *Sentinel*, some account of its doings. I have called it important because its deliberation and action embody the sentiments of the representatives of one of the most important industrial interests of the country, for a section embracing six of the most populous, enlightened and prosperous agricultural counties in the whole Northwest. Among those present who took an active interest in the deliberations of the Convention, were Richard Richards, Esq., of Racine, one of our heaviest importers and breeders of thorough bred stock; W. G. Roberts, Esq., of Mount Pleasant, who has probably the largest flock of sheep in the State, including a large proportion of pure Merinoes; Hon. David Williams, President of the State Agricultural Society; A. S. Spooner, Esq., of the Walworth county bar; Messrs. L. Clark and A. Henderson, two large farmers of Beloit; the president of the Caldwell's Prairie Wool Growers' Association; and many others whose name are a tower of strength in their respective localities.

The Convention assembled at Sheldon's Hall at one o'clock p. m., and were call to order by W. G. Roberts, Esq., of Racine, who originated the call for the meeting. Mr. Roberts was chosen President of the Convention, and L. E. Smith, Esq., of Burlington, Secretary.

REMARKS OF W. G. ROBERTS.

The President addressed the meeting briefly, stating its object, which was mainly to petition Congress for a tariff imposing such duties on imported wool-growers as should afford some protection to American wool-growers. It was time that some decisive action should be taken which should loosen, if possible, the ropes with which the wool-growing interests of the country are bound, and we must all admit that they are twisted pretty tight. The manufacturers for the past year have had the twister on their own hands, and they have not failed to take advantage of the fact. It is argued by some that we would displease the manufacturers, because their interests are alleged to be identical with ours; but the interests of woolen manufacturers and wool-growers are not identical—they are diverse—just as the interests of railroads and wheat-growers are antagonistic. He believed that a majority of Congress was disposed to do right by the wool-growers. Many of our western Congressmen had expressed themselves in our favor and sent word that they only needed to be well backed up by their constituents in order to accomplish the necessary reform. Meetings have already been held for this purpose in Illinois. A very large meeting was held at Bloomington, and another at Springfield, on the 16th. The speaker had received various letters from Illinois wool-growers urging him to stir up the people of Wisconsin. He had taken the responsibility to issue this call by way of "stirring them up," and was glad to see so large and respectable a gathering.

The National Wool Growers' Association, to which I belong, met recently in Syracuse, N. Y., at the instance of the manufacturers, who were anxious that a tariff might be adopted that would conserve both their right and ours. They admitted that we were entitled to protection equally with them. A committee was appointed and went down to Washington, and there the manufacturers have tried to play sharp on us; they did'nt want our "equally" to extend so far as theirs, and so they backed out. The result of their compromise was, that Hon. Henry S. Randall, the President of the National Association, agreed to go before Congress and ask for a tariff of 10 cents per pound and 10 per cent. *ad valorem* on foreign wools. But we are not satisfied with that—we ought not to be. The main object of this meeting is for us, the wool growers of two states, to say no. The congressional committee has not yet reported, but will soon. There is no time to be lost. We are not fully aware of the easily game that has been played on to us by the manufacturers. When wool should have been worth $1,00, gold being over 200, it was only bringing 75 cents. The manufacturers are fully organized; they go into market every time with their campaign all marked out, "*and they win.* They have one string that pulls the whole concern. We ought to have a string. Unity and organization is what will accomplish the desired result.

Lewis Clark Esq., of Beloit, presented, and the Secretary read, a letter from E. Stilson, President of the Wisconsin Wool Growers' Association, accompanying a form of petition to Congress, and requesting Mr. Clark to procure signatures to the same.

A committee on resolutions was voted and the chairman of the Convention was unanimously requested to act as Chairman of the committee, which consisted of the following gentlemen:

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

W. G. Roberts, Racine; L. C. Anderson, Spring Prairie; Lewis Clark, Beloit; P. Putnam, Vernon, Waukesha county; A. S. Spooner, Delavan; Wm. Aldrich, Burlington; T. C. Williams, Yorkville, Racine county; Aretas Baily, Waterford; Homer Adams, Kenosha county; David Williams, Springfield. Everett Chamberlin, of Milwaukee, was appointed to act as secretary of the committee on resolutions.

While the committee was out, a running debate upon various practical matters was kept up, and at the suggestion of L. E. Smith, Esq., the members then present reported the number of sheep owned by them individually, and 86 members then reported a *constituency* of 11,800 sheep. Three gentlemen were obliged to report "nary sheep" but claimed to represent sheep at large—a statement which elicited some laughter.

RESOLUTIONS.

The committee on resolutions here returned and reported the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, The wool-growing interests of the country are laboring under the disadvantages and difficulties seriously affecting its prosperity—the wool-Growers' Convention of Southern Wisconsin and Northern Illinois, assembled at Burlington, Wisconsin, to adopt the following resolutions:

1. *Resolved*, That it is the duty of Congress to provide sufficient protection against the low prices of foreign wools, grown in warm latitudes, where the raising of food for sheep is unnecessary, and where wool be grown for from five to twelve cents per pound.

2. *Resolved*, That it is the duty of Congress to impose a specific duty upon foreign wools competing with American wools, at the rate of fifteen cents per pound on all unwashed wool, thirty cents per pound on all washed wool, forty-five cents per pound on all scoured wools, and twenty-five cents per pound on all shoddy and woolen rags.

3. *Resolved*, That we earnestly protest against the adoption of any tariff imposing *ad valorem* duties upon imported wools or woolens.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are willing that important woolen manufacturing interests of the United States should receive all the protection which may be necessary to render it prosperous, we firmly insist that the wool-growers interests are equally important—is entitled to equal protection, and that this Convention, representing the farmers and wool-growers of Southern Wisconsin and Northern Illinois, do most earnestly request our Senators and Representatives in Congress to see that our interests in this regard are fully respected in the proposed adjustment of the tariff on wools and woolen fabrics.

The third resolution was discussed with considerable spirit by Messrs. A. S. Spooner, W. G. Roberts, David Williams and E. Chamberlin, the first maintaining that so decided an expression relative to the kind of duty was impolitic, and might defeat the object of the other resolutions. He offered a substitute which expressed a preference for specific duties in a milder manner, and urged its adoptions. The other speakers favored the original resolution, pointing out the gross abuses that came of *ad valorem* tariffs, which were only an invitation to fraud, and urging that no harm could come of an honest expression of our opinion. The substitute was rejected and the resolution adopted by a strong vote.

QUALITY OF WOOL TWINE.

Mr. Clark presented the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we favor the use of light, soft twine for doing up fleeces, and deprecate the practice, now quite common, of using heavy, stiff kinds; and we recommend all wool growers to purchase the former, and discourage dealers from offering the latter for sale.

TAGS IN FLEECES.

Mr. Roberts submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the practice of doing up taggings in fleeces, is detrimental to the interests of producers; detracting more from the price than it adds to the weight of the fleece; and we recommend that taggings be exhibited for sale in a separate lot.

Mr. Roberts, who owns a flock of 2,100 sheep, announced his determination to sell his taggings seperately hereafter, and claimed that, when properly cleansed, they would sell just as well as the fleece; while the fact that taggings were in the fleece, be they ever so clean, deterred many manufacturers from taking them, and generally affected the prices that could be got for the fleeces.

Mr. Orrell, of Springfield, stated that he had conversed lately with an intelligent wool speculator who had been around among the Eastern manufacturers a good deal, and who gave it as a fact that they unanimously condemned the practice of doing up taggings with fleeces. They regarded fleeces with taggings in as an eye-sore. Mr. Orrell believed that it was the determination of most wool buyers henceforth to discriminate between fleeces with tags and those without.

ENDORSEMENT OF GEN. PAINE.

A proposition having been made to have the proceedings of the meeting and the petitions sent to Hon. C. Delano, of Ohio, and Congressman Grinnel, of Iowa, Mr. Spooner opposed the proposition, saying we had a Congressman of our own, Gen. Halbert E. Paine, (applause) who was not only willing to exert himself for the interests of his constituents, but amply able to carry them through. No man of his experience commanded more respect or influence in Congress than Gen. Paine. If the documents in question were sent to him, we might depend upon their receiving due consideration. The manner in which these remarks were received, showed that the farmers in his district reposed great confidence in Gen. Paine. Mr. Sloan's name was also favorably mentioned and received.

W. G. Roberts, of Racine, was appointed to attend to the printing and distributing of 300 copies of the petition to Congress.

The following gentlemen were appointed to assist Mr. Roberts in procuring signatures to the petition, viz:

Messrs. A. Henderson, of Beloit, J. S. Crane, of Burlington, G. V. Weeks, Lyons, J. P. Harlem, Geneva, D. Williams, Springfield, Thos. Slade, Burlington, F. E. Hoyt, Rochester, C. D. Martin, Spring Prairie, Dr. Youmans, ——, S. Pratt, Spring Prairie, A. Bailey, Caldwell's Prairie; J. A. Rice, Waterford, S. Kidder, Salem, P. Putnam, Dodge Corner, H. S. Winsor, Elkhorn, C. P. Soper, Darien, A. S. Spooner, Delevan, S. Fields, East Troy, H. Dennis, Sharon, T. C. Williams, Union Grove, J. Rector, Walworth, W. D. Bacon, Waukesha, Wm. Sharp, Dover, Wm. Bullock, Dover, Emery Thayer, Troy, T. W. Fellows, Bloomfield, Geo. W. Noble, Beloit, J. W. Boyd, Geneva, G. W. Peck, Sugar Creek, H. P. Thales, Janesville, C. W. Lawrence, Tiffany, E. M. Rice, Whitewater, R. Van Alston, Delevan, Milton Warner, Clinton Junction, A. H. Taggart, Delevan, Lucien Williams, Harrison, Winnebago Co., Ills., Homer Adams, Paris.

The following resolution, introduced by Mr. Roberts, was adopted:

Resolved, That a grand National Wool Growers' Convention should be held in Chicago, in January next.

Mr. A. S. Spooner, of Delevan, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

The following resolutions of thanks were offered by J. S. Crane:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be tendered to Mr. O. Sheldon for the use of his hall for the meeting of this Convention.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be tendered to Mr. E. Chamberlain, of the Milwaukee *Sentinel*, and Mr. L. E. Smith of the Burlington *Standard*, for their presence at this meeting and the aid given by them to the furtherance of the objects of this Convention.

The Newspapers of Southern Wisconsin and Northern Illinois, favorable to the objects of this Convention, were requested to publish the proceedings.

The Convention at half past five o'clock, adjourned to meet at half past six.

During the evening session, various matters pertaining to sheep husbandry were discussed, and a resolution was adopted requesting the officers of the State Wool Growers' Association, to call a meeting of the Wool Growers of Wisconsin, at Beloit, sometime in May of this year.

PETITION TO CONGRESS.

The following form of petition was adopted by the meeting and will be extensively circulated by the gentlemen indicated in the above list:

To the Congress of the United States:

The undersigned, inhabitants of Southern Wisconsin and Northern Illinois, believing that the present situation of our national finances require an amount of revenue to be raised by duties on foreign imports, which if levied in proportion on the different articles of import, can be made to protect all branches of domestic industry requiring protection, without ultimate injury to any, and believing that (under the present tariff, the American wool-growers have no protection against the competition of the cheap labor and accumulated capital of other countries) respectfully petition that a specific be imposed on all foreign wools at the rate of 15 cents per pound on all unwashed wools, 30 cents per pound on all washed wools, 45 cents per lb. on all scoured wools, and 85 cents per pound on shoddy and woolen rags.

We so pray that the law may be made to take effect from and after its passage.

The proceedings of the meeting were harmonious throughout, and evinced the fact that the Wool Growers of Southern Wisconsin are not only an intelligent, but a candid, earnest, loyal class of men, who, while alive to their own interests, do not fail to consider, earnestly and liberally, the great interests of the country at large, both financial and political.

Put Him Through.

Some few weeks since a brace of lovers entered a photograph saloon and wanted their picture taken. The lady gave precedence to her swain, who, she said, 'had got to be tuck fust and rale natural.'

He brushed up his tow head of hair, gave a twist or two to his handkerchief, and asked his girl if his collar was X, and placed himself in the operator's chair, where he soon assumed the physiognomical characteristics of a poor mortal in the dentist's hand, and about to part with one of his teeth.

'Now do look pretty,' begged the lady, casting at him one of her most languishing glances.

The picture was taken, and when produced it reminded the girl, as she expressed it: 'Just as John looked when he got over the measles! and as this was not an era in her lover's history particularly worthy of commemoration, she insisted 'he should stand it once more.'

He obeyed, and she attended him to the chair.'

'Josh,' said she, 'just look like smiling, and then kinder don't.'

The poor fellow tried to follow the indefinite injunction.

'La!' she said 'you look all puckered up.'

One direction followed another, but with as little success. At last growing impatient, and becoming desperate, she resolved to try an experiment which she considered infallible, and exclaimed:

'I don't keer if there is folks around.'

She enjoined the operator to stand ready at his camera. She then sat in her fellow's lap, and throwing her arm around his neck, managed to cast a shadow of flaxen ringlets as a screen between the operator and the proceedings which, however, were betrayed by a succession of amorous sounds, which revealed her experiment. When this billing and cooing had lasted a few minutes, the cunning girl leaped from Josh's lap, clapped her hands, and cried to the astonished artist:

'Now you've got him! PUT HIM THROUGH.'

—It is Scripturally asserted that 'long hair is a glory to woman' Some look well with it short; but as a general thing, in the words of a cotemporary, 'when a lady in short hair simperingly requests our opinion of her appearance, we are reminded of an old deacon who had a carroty-headed clerk who spent most of his time, and all of his attention, in the cultivation of a saffron-colored moustache (similar to the one Dickens ascribed to Fascination Fledgeby,) and who asked the old man how he liked it? The deacon regarded him attentively for some time, with anxious solicitude apparent in every feature of his benign countenance and impressively said to him 'that if he lived long enough, was blessed by Providence, enjoyed good health, slept well at night, had good luck, and no pull backs, he would look like *hell* in a few weeks.'

—At a camp meeting a number of young ladies continued standing on the benches, notwithstanding frequent hints from the minister to sit down. A reverend old gentleman, noted for his good humor, arose and said, 'I think, if these ladies knew they had holes in their stockings, they would sit down.' This address had the desired effect; there was an immediate sinking into the seats. A young minister standing near him, and blushing to the temples, said, 'Oh, brother, how could you say that!' 'Say that?' said the old gentleman, 'It's a fact, if they haden't holes in their stockings, I'd like to know how they could get them on?'

—A London cabman said, 'if you run over a youngster down here, the folks don't say nothing, kase they have got more children and no wittles for 'em—but you jist run over a goat or a kid, or a sow or a pig, and I'm blest if a mob ain't arter you in two minits.'

—Red haired woman and a red nosed man shine in company.

Things Wise & Otherwise.

MISTAKEN.—A correspondent in the St. Louis *Democrat* tells of a lady steping into a street car, in that city, a few days since, and no vacant seat, being visible, a gentleman vacated his, into which the lady sat without acknowledging the compliment. Of course the polite gentleman felt chagrined, and addressing the lady, said, 'What did you say, Miss?' 'I didn't speak, sir,' was the reply. 'Oh,' said the gentleman, 'I beg your pardon, but I thought I heard you say 'Thank you.'

—A little, keen, bright-eyed girl of four years, on a visit one evening was being helped on the knee of a gentleman friend, and on being told by her mother that she was to large a baby to hold, retorted almost immediately, accompanying her words with an emphatic gesture: 'Why, girls 19 years old sit on laps and you wouldn't call them *babies*, would you?'

—Judge Rooke, in going the Western Circuit, had a great stone thrown at his head, but from the circumstance of his stooping so much, it passed over him. 'You see,' said he, 'had I been an upright judge, I might have been killed.'

—A house maid the other night slipped from a chair on which she was temporarily standing, and fell headforemost into a barrel of flour. To show the effect of mental agony, we will state that her hair became white in less than a single night.

—The lilac in April: 'Gives me leave. The asparagus in July: 'Cut and come again.' 'Shell out.' The apple tree in September: 'Go it, my pippins.'—The cabbage in December: 'My heart's my own.'

—A Connecticut Yankee is in town with a patent labor saving Constitutional Amendment machine, for the use of members of Congress warranted to turn out thirteen amendments per hour. He'll make a fortune.

—A Scotchman, putting up at an inn, was asked in the morning how he slept. 'Troth, man,' replied he, 'nae vera weel either, but I was mickle better aff than the bugs, for deil ane o'them blinked an e,e the hale night.'

—'Now, children,' asked a school inspector, 'who loves all men?' A little girl, not four years old, and evidently not posted in the catechism, answered quickly, 'All women!'

—Ex-Senator Wigfall's friends cannot ascertain, by all their inquiries, what has become of him. Have they asked the devil?

—A dandy inquired at a fruit stand, 'Are these peaches fit for a hog to eat?' 'Try them and see,' said the apple woman.

—FASHIONABLE young lady detaching her hair before retiring: 'What dreams may come when we have shuffled off this mortal *coil*.'

—A hundred and twenty-four women of Kansas have petitioned Congress for the right of suffrage. Well, isn't a woman as good as a nigger?

—'I don't like to patronize this line, said a culprit to a hangman. 'O, never mind this one,' was the reply, 'I will soon suspend its operation.'

—WATERFALLS are not worn in England—the game laws there say 'netting the hare' shall be punished with fine and imprisonment.

—A couple of chaps taking their mint juleps may be considered tight, for they are a pair of nippers.

—How do you like my strain? said a poet. Oh, I'll pardon you this time, but pray dont strain again.

—'It is a great misfortune,' says La Bruyer, 'not to have mind enough to talk well, nor judgment enough to be silent.'

—What an absent minded man was he who, on falling into the river, sank twice before he recollected he could swim.

—The sun, in parting, thrills the heavens, as one's soul is thrilled in the hour of seperation.

—About the most pleasant 'Task' that can be assigned to a man is Cowper's.

—Blessed is the bald-headed man, for his wife cannot pull his hair.

Pork Packing in the West.

The business of packing pork in the west has terminated at all points for the season; and, according to our usual custom, we now proceed to give the result. We have used great exertions to obtain the statistics as fully and accurately as possible, and at as early a day as they could be, so as to have them complete.

It will be seen that whilst there is again a market falling off yet the deficiency is not by any means as large as had been expected; and, although we expected that our estimates of two millions hogs equal to the weight of the previous season, given, as the extent of the present season's crop, in our impression of Jan. 17th, was an extreme one, the result shows that it was pretty nearly an accurate one. Farmers fed late—unusually so—and the great bulk of the packing was done in the month of January, instead of December, as is usual. This short crop of pork, when there was a great abundance of feed for hogs, can only be accounted for on the hypothesis of an absolute scarcity of hogs; and, this must be the result of the high price and the large demand for corn, which induced farmers to part with their hogs and cattle rather than feed corn to them.

The total number packed is 1,683,474, that the increase in the weight is about 36 lbs per hog, which is equal to 301,230 hogs, at the average weight of the season of 1864-5, making the crop of the present season equal to 1,984,710 hogs of the previous season's average.

The yield of lard per hog is 31 1-17 lbs, against 24 1 9 lbs in 1864-5, showing an increase of about 7 lbs per hog. This includes but leaf and trimming lard; the head and gut is to be added as usual.

Reading for the Young.

Aims.

It was a pleasant summer evening, just after sunset. Archie was walking with his mother in the grounds of the Public Garden, in the good old city of Boston. There was a beautiful glow in the sky, and it was reflected in the waters of the little pond, where the white swans were still swimming about, curving their graceful necks and dipping their heads under water. It was very nice to walk among the flower beds filled with rare sweet roses, and to smell the rich fragrance of the new-mown hay.

Archie enjoyed the ramble, and the cheerful talk of his mother, but he had still another source of enjoyment. He carried a bow and arrows in his hand. In the good old Primer which our grandmothers used, it says, 'A was an Archer, and shot at a frog.' I think A was a very cruel man or boy to shoot at a frog. I hope he did not hit him, and that none of the little a-b-c-darians of ancient time laid to heart the lesson of cruelty to animals, conveyed in the first letter of the alphabet.

Archie amused himself for a while by shooting at bushes and shrubs, and the stone benches, around the garden. He looked longingly at the ducks and swans, but he had never heard about it, and if the thought of aiming at one of those white birds entered his head, it was not with a design of hurting them.

After a while he shot his arrows up in the sky. They sped upward like golden-winged birds, flashing in the soft sunset light, and then came bounding down like shooting stars, and Archie had a long search for them in the grass. At last he got tired of this sport, and came close to his mother's side, putting his little hand in hers. Then she knew he was ready to listen to what she said. 'Archie, when you want to hit anything, what is the first thing to be done?'

'Well, mother, in the first place, I fix my bow and arrow, and then I *aim*. You can't ever hit anything unless you aim at it, and then you can't unless you *aim well*.'

'That's it. And I want my little boy to aim well, all through life.'

'I think I should look funny, carrying a bow and arrow when I am a big man. It would not be *dignified*. I don't mean to shoot always.'

'What kind of a man would you rather be, Archie?'

'I would like to be very tall—but I suppose you mean inside and not outside. I should like to be noble and generous-hearted, and very honorable and upright, and just as good as I could be.'

'Yes, then you must aim that way. You know the 'boy is father to the man,' and what you are when a boy, you will be like when you are a man.'

'I mean that everybody shall know what I am. You know in the little song we sing at school, about the little boy who never told a lie; it says that all the people used to point him out and say, 'There goes the curley-headed boy: the boy that never told a lie.' I mean they shall all say, 'There goes a good, generous, honest man.''

'Ah, Archie, I see that you are aiming at the applause and approbation of men. It is very natural and desirable that we should wish others to speak and think well of us, but can you not aim higher?'

Archie looked thoughtfully at the golden glow in the sunset clouds before he replied.

'I suppose you mean that I ought to think of God, and try to please him. I know what I will aim at. Some day I want to be a bright, pure, beautiful angel, and go beyond the sky. And if I try to be good here, God will take me to Heaven when I die. I will try to make myself fit to go there. But it's hard work, isn't it, mother?'

'Yes, my boy. Life is a hard battle. It's hard work to be good, and fight down the hosts of sin and Satan. But Jesus will give us strength if we ask him. Do you think you are going to fight your way to Heaven all alone, and make yourself fit to be with God and the holy angels?'

'I don't know, mother; I'm afraid I can't.'

'Not in your own strength, you could n't do that. Satan and his angels are very busy with little ones who think they can do great things, and they always get the worst of the battle. There is a little verse I want to tell you about God: 'He is a shield unto them that put their trust in him.' If we make God our shield, all the fiery darts of the wicked one will fall away powerless.'

STONEWALL JACKSON'S ONLY JOKE.—Mr. John Esten Cooke, in his newly published biography, says that Stonewall Jackson never made but one practical joke in his life. This was when he was a professor at Lexington, Virginia, and consisted in asking his class why it was impossible to send a telegraphic despatch from Lexington to Staunton. Some pupils suggested that the iron ore in the mountains drew the fluid from the wires, and others proposed other theories, but it was some time before any cadet was brilliant enough to remark that there was no telegraph line between the two places. It is perhaps not so remarkable as the biographer seems to think that the famous rebel never made another joke; such an effort as this must have exhausted his powers.

CARS FROM THE PACIFIC OCEAN!—Some humorous things have been said about Mr. Hardly's prediction that cars from the Pacific ocean will, within twenty years, deliver the teas of China and the productions of the East Indies within the limits of Wisconsin. Some examination of the subject will show that the prediction was solid ground to rest on. In this age, it is best to doubt nothing about railroad enterprises. They have within twenty years distanced even the imagination of the most imaginative, and if they are to continue, this generation will not pass without seeing cars direct from the shores of the Pacific reaching St. Louis, and we may well believe, our own lake ports.—*Mad Dem.*

—It has been ascertained that by one of the distilleries under seizure in New York, the government has been defrauded to the extent of $150,000.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISING	3 w	5 w	8 w	3 m	6 m	1 y
1 Square....	1 50	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	16 00
2 Squares...	2 50	3 00	4 50	6 00	10 00	18 00
¼ Column...	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	15 00	40 00
½ Column...	8 00

Racine Journal.

WM. L. UTLEY, Editor.

RACINE, APRIL 4th, 1866.

Now and Then—The Consistency of the Democracy.

It is a matter of history that the great Republican party received its first grand impetus in the passage of the infamous Fugitive Slave Law; a law originating in the lower regions of hell, and after having passed those regions unanimously, was introduced into the world by the Devil and sustained by his imps, and finally signed and sealed by that second-hand President but first class traitor, Millard Filmore, and became a law in this boasted land of freedom. It is also a matter of history that the democracy upheld that infamous law with all their might, mind and strength, turning the laws of God to ridicule, whenever or wherever they came in conflict with this cursed enactment; and the apostles of democracy were at all times ready to hold the garments of the petty government officials, while they stoned or cast into prison the unfortunate victims of misguided philanthropy, as they were termed, in whose hearts the law of Christ, to "do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you," was so strongly written that they preferred to suffer the pains and penalties of violating that wicked enactment, which could only kill the body, rather than incur the displeasure of Him, by offending the least of his poor creatures, who has power to destroy both soul and body in hell. Citizens of Wisconsin, for simply crying, "Freemen, to the rescue!" in the streets of Milwaukee, when a poor human being lay bleeding and bound in prison for no offence save that which was laid upon him by the hand of the Almighty who gave him his form and color, were hunted down by government hell-hounds, hissed on by the entire Democratic party, stripped of their property and cast into prison by a wicked, coveteous, unrighteous and unjust judge, upon false testimony and before a packed jury, and their friends, or the citizens of our State were powerless to act in behalf of a citizen thus outraged. Our State courts had been over ridden, our Supreme judges had been compelled to succumb to a set of petty, soulless commissioners, appointed by Government, expressly for their willingness to do mean things for pay; and all this and more too, was upheld by the Democracy, as one of the necessary compromises of the Constitution on the subject of human bondage. It was a test of Democracy, that in order to be a true disciple, a man must acknowledge the divine right of what was termed the Southern States, to hold human beings in slavery, and deal in human flesh, and it was further ordained that every good Democrat should hold himself in readiness to lay hands upon every poor human being who should be found fleeing from oppression and in search of a land where they could claim their God-given rights—the right to their own flesh and blood, and force them back into the land of whips and chains, a thing, a chattel. It was claimed that the constitution required of every Northern man that he should do this mean thing. Every Democrat, no matter whether he could read or not, became a profound Constitutional lawyer. The Republican party demurred to this trampling upon State Rights, and the rights of conscience by the Federal Government, and in some states, enacted what was termed "Personal Liberty Bills" as a protection to the rights of conscience

There is no necessity for our going into a detail of what transpired during the few years this hellish enactment was in force and blackening the record of our nation so indelibly that ages of true christian pennance will be required to wipe it out. The Democracy, of course, for this base act of treachery to the party which elected him, and the abandonment of every principle he had ever advocated, took Mr. Filmore into their embrace and held him up so long as they could use him, and then threw him down, where he lays to this day, with a reputation so rotten that none care to disturb him.

We have not written these things that everybody, and especially every Democrat, knows to be true, for the purpose of raking up any ill feeling between ourselves and the Democrats, but simply to show the similarity in the two enactments: the Fugitive Slave Law and the Civil Rights Bill, and to show the position the Democrats have taken on the two bills.

The following extract from the Chicago *Republican*, states the case correctly, so far as the Fugitive Slave Law is concerned, and for this infamous law, Andrew Johnson, who was in Congress at the time, gave his approval and his vote, without discovering that it was unconstitutional, and that it infringed upon the rights of States:

"In the case of the Fugitive Slave Law, Congress directed that in order to secure the return of fugitives to slavery, the Federal Courts should appoint as many commissioners as need be to hear and determine the cases, and their decisions were to be final. It provided for an array of marshals, with authority to summon the *posse comitatus*, and if necessary, to employ the military to enforce the decisions, not of Courts, but of Commissioners. It provided heavy and severe penalties for any and every interference or obstruction with the officers, in their summary hearings and decisions by which men were hurried off to slavery. It filled the country with petty officers, authorized to hunt up men and hold them as slaves until somebody should call for and take them away. It made the decision of State Courts in all matters pertaining to the claim of a slave owner hunting his human property, subject to the superior authority of Federal Commissioners and Federal Courts. It took from the State Courts the right to issue writs of *habeas corpus* to inquire into the cause of arrest and detention of persons made citizens of that state by the laws thereof. It provided large and extraordinary fees, payable out of the Federal treasury, to the marshals and Commissioners, and in the case of the latter officers, doubled their fees whenever they ordered the negro back to slavery. State Officers, from Governors down to constables, were amenable to prosecution before Federal Commissioners and courts at any moment, for any violation or obstruction of this law, and for any refusal to assist the United States officers in its execution."

Through the singular but sure workings of God's Providence, slavery has been abolished, and the infamous Fugitive Slave Law died upon the statute books of the nation, leaving a dark blot upon the page that contained it, that will forever be a disgrace to the age in which we live.

During the progress of events through which slavery was abolished, Andrew Johnson treacherously deserted the Southern people and the Democratic party, that was warring against the Government and trying to build up a confederacy based upon human slavery, and joined himself to the Republican party, and through his co-operation with the Government in putting down the rebellion, and the blotting out of slavery, and his subsequent promises to stand by the Union party, he was taken up by that party and made Vice President of the United States. Of course, he was bitterly denounced by the Democracy as a *boorish tailor* and a *drunken sot*. It is unnecessary for us, at this time, to speak of the causes that elevated him to the head of this great nation, and the profusion of pledges he voluntarily made to stand by the party that elected him, and to punish treason, protect the Freedmen, &c. About four millions of these Freedmen after having toiled for years for the benefit of others, had been turned out into the world, penniless, in the land their labor had enriched, but it is a land full of bitterness towards them, because they now have a right to work for themselves, and in order to protect those Freedmen from this unfriendly feeling, and from unfriendly legislation in those States where this predjudice exists, it became necessary for the representatives of the loyal people in Congress, to pass what is termed the "Civil Rights Bill;" a bill similar in its operations to the Fugitive Slave Law, that is, so far as its bearing upon States Rights is concerned; but there is this *trifling* difference, the Civil Rights Bill instead of operating in favor of slavery and the oppression of God's creatures, was enacted expressly for the purpose of securing to every human being born in the United States, equal rights. It interfered with the rights of no one, except the right of one person to interfere with rights of another. It interfered with the rights of no state, except its right to take away the rights of any American born citizen. It simply gives the right to every American citizen, regardless of color, whenever a State government refused to recognize their rights as citizens, to appeal to the Federal Courts for redress. In short, it was simply a law through which the government could enforce the rights of all its citizens, and punish those who attempt to deprive any citizen of his rights. It was a law based upon the very principles laid down in the teachings of Christ; and yet, in the face and eyes of all his pledges to be the Moses of the Freedmen, and his position on the Fugitive Slave Law, Andrew Johnson vetoes the bill, or, in other words, returns it to the Senate with a long mess of twaddle about a "nigger being as good as a white man, or better than a foreigner." When foreigners complain of their treatment in this country, it will be time enough for the President of this great nation to pitch in to the negroes. But his main objection was based upon the unconstitutionality of the bill, to which the Democracy all say amen, and take him lovingly into their embrace. This Democracy, and the Johnson that could see the State Courts and State Judges silenced by a set of petty Federal Commissioners, and shout amen to it when it was done in behalf of oppression, are horrified at the unconstitutionality of a bill, similar in its relation to states rights, though not half so odious, but which proclaims universal freedom and the equality of all men before the law. This is the true state of the case, however unpleasant it may be to our Democratic friends.

How long will men, claiming to be christians, tread the wine press of God's wrath and brave his anger, by oppresing the poor, for no other purpose than that of building up a political party? Democrats, you have killed a man by flattery, that had been able to stand up unscathed, against your combined malice. We yield you the carcass, when you get done with it, lay it down by the side of your other victims, Tyler and Filmore, and let them rot together.

How Are You, Colored Individual?—Through the silent workings of God's providence you have been put into the possession of your rights, in spite of the machinations of men or devils. The supreme court of the state of Wisconsin has, by an unanimous decision, declared that colored persons have a right to vote in our state. This settles the matter without any further trouble. We hardly know what to say to our colored friends on this occasion. We certainly congratulate them upon the reception of those rights which white men are bound to respect. We would advise them, if it is a possible thing, to remember their friends, and yet that would go far towards proving the democratic idea of them, that they are not human, to be true, for gratitude is a very strong evidence of humanity. But we will wager a dish of oysters with any one that the colored people of this state will vote the democratic ticket within two years, and that the democrats will claim that they are and have been their only friends. They have got the cheek to do such things. Once on a time nine colored persons voted in this city. We were running for the legislature on the free-soil ticket, and supporting John P. Hale. Our opponent was a whig, and supporting Z. Taylor, a slaveholder, and Millard Fillmore, the signer of the fugitive slave law. Every nigger of them voted against us and for the entire whig ticket. We have been a little shaky on the subject of negro suffrage ever since.

Gratitude.—We think the Republican party carry the thing a little too far when they assert that Johnson is ungrateful, or that he lacks gratitude. He may be, and no doubt is, ungrateful to the party that picked him up and made him Vice President. But is he not grateful to the party that killed Lincoln and made him President? Is he not doing everything in his power for traitors of every description? Republicans should think of these things, and be more guarded in their insinuations.

Soft Republicans and the President.

I ain't agoing to try your patience
By telling who is right in this or that;
I don't make any insinuations;
I just let on I "smell a rat"—
That is, it seems to me so,
But if the peeble think I'm wrong,
I won't deny but I may be so,
And fact is don't smell very strong.

So sing a number of doubtful Republican journals over Johnson and the course he is pursuing towards the Freedmen; and not the least among these doubtful songsters, is the Chicago *Journal*, a most excellent paper in everything else but politics. If it would go on with Johnson into the ranks of copperheads and traitors, it would be doing the Republican party a great favor, instead of stopping on the side of the line, hanging on to his shirt-tail, and trying to hold him somewhere near the line, where he can still deceive thousands of soft-shelled Republicans by his maudlin blab about remaining in the Union party, and about the democratic party's having nothing to hope from him. The fact is, he lies when he says it; and all these sickly apologists like the Chicago *Journal* and Cleveland *Herald*, and others of the same stripe, know it. And we regret to say that the Madison *Journal*, another very excellent paper, is not very far behind. We are getting sick of this. "Don't let us be too fast; let us wait and see; we think Johnson means to stand by the party that elected him," &c., &c. What nonsense, and how contemptible in any man at this time, claiming to be a Republican, to tell the people he believes any such thing, for they know that Johnson has already given the lie to every pledge he has made as a Republican—that he would punish traitors and protect the freedmen. He has hung one woman, that we never believed ought to have been hung, and there the thing fizzled. He has vetoed two bills, passed expressly for the protection of the freedmen, both of which were concurred in by every true Republican, in Congress and out of it; and yet these journals don't see that there is any real split betwixt the President and Congress. It is used as an argument that he retains Republicans in office. He retains them simply because most of them can play *dog* as fast as he can. Let them offer their resignation and accompany it with a note, saying that they approve of the course Congress is taking; you would see the heads fly. But let them, as that Connecticut *pup* did, send their resignation, accompanied by a note saying that they approved of his policy; it would be well with him. And there is another thing. Most of these appointments have to be approved by the Senate, and until he has come Cromwell over that body, which these reconstructed and repentent rebels are urging him to do, and which he, no doubt, in his foggy moments contemplates doing, it would be of no use to commencing his beheading operation. He has assumed an attitude of open defiance to Congress, that would shame the most villainous traitor that ever disgraced the capitol of the nation, and yet there is a class of Republicans that can't see any real split betwixt the President and Congress.

Here is a specimen of the *Journal's* indignation upon receiving the news of the late veto. It will be recollected that the *Journal* was in favor of the bill, and hold onto the idea that the President would sign it up to the very last moment:

"We have heretofore demanded of the Republican majority in Congress a united declaration of a fixed policy. In a like spirit we now demand of the President such an exhibition of his policy as to reassure his friends that they may continue to confide in him as a *Republican*, who means to uphold that sacred cause of freedom, justice and loyalty which constitutes the very foundation of the Republican party. We have no political friendship, hopes or desires outside of the Republican party, and whoever is not in harmony with its spirit and principles is no political friend, much less leader, of ours. For the sake of preserving that party from the dangers of division or defeat, we would sacrifice much and do much. In its continued unity and ascendency is the country's only hope in the immediate future. Should the President be found the faithful adherent of that party's principles, he will continue to find us among his most earnest supporters: otherwise, not."

After this terrific outburst of indignation in the war angle style, the writer immediately commences in a dove cooing style, to whitewash the whole thing over. Hear him:

"It would have given us far greater pleasure to have announced the President's approval of the bill; and yet if, after a deliberate examination and safe legal advice, he became convinced of its unconstitutionality, it unquestionably was his duty to withhold his approval, the President of the United States being under oath to execute the provisions of the Constitution faithfully and honestly."

When a paper claiming to be Republican, will vent its indignation in such honeyed accents, concerning the outrage that has been perpetrated against the rights of humanity by this unwarranted exercise of the one-man power, to say nothing of the treachery of the President towards the party that elevated him to power. It is very discouraging, to say the least. We have no quarrel with Democrats on this subject. They have a right to all the benefits arising out of this theachery. We are dealing with Republicans, and not Democrats. We have a profound respect for a man that is a steadfast Democrat, although we may dislike his principles; but we have no respect for a weather cock Republican, no more than we have for the hypocrat, that cryes "Lord, Lord," with his face turned tords the gates Hell. Now hear the Madison *Journal*:

"The mere fact that he has vetoed the Freedmen's Bureau bill, or the Civil Rights bill, in itself forms no reason why the loyal people of the nation should withdraw any portion of the large degree of confidence reposed by them in Andrew Johnson."

Oh grammy!

It is Finished!

"The last link is broken
That bound me to thee,
The words that has spoken
Has rendered me free."

That was the first thing we sung after reading Johnson's last veto message. Thank God the last fiber that bound this played-out Moses to the Republican party, has been sundered. However much we may regret the wicked wrong that has been perpetrated upon a portion of God's poor creatures, we rejoice that Johnson now stands out in his true light. Duplicity and double dealing will not avail him hereafter. Never, since the creation of man, was there ever such a wanton disregard of pledges, and avowed principle, by any ruler of any account, as has been exhibited by Johnson. There is a sublimity in Johnson's treachery, that should shame the devil out of any further effort in that direction. "Thou shalt not surely die," was a tame effort when brought into comparison with the gigantic efforts of Johnson to make the Republican party believe he was true to them while secretly playing into the hands of their enemies. We know of nothing in the career of all the traitors our country has brought out the last few years, that bears comparison in the way of meanness, to the conduct of Johnson; for their acts were open; they claimed the right to be traitorous. He comes down from his high position as President of the United States, and descends to the character of a pot-house politician, excelling in duplicity some friends we once had in the 4th ward. We were running for the Assembly, and, in accordance with a time-honored custom, the night before election, we visited the different localities where voters were suppposed to be made. We soon found the material, and the moment we got among them, they gave us three hearty cheers, and three groans for our opponent. Our prospects looked bright until we got a little one side, and our opponent went into the same crowd. They supposed we were gone, and three such cheers as they gave our opponent and three such groans as they gave us, we never heard before. We saw the catch, and fooled away neither time nor money in that direction after that. That is the course the Republican party ought to pursue. Read the following extract of a speech made to a copperhead gathering in Connecticut. It seems that the President had given Gen. Hawley, the Union candidate for Governor, to understand that he favored his election, and that of the entire Union ticket. The following will show what he told the opposite party a day or two after:

"Fellow-citizens: May we not all say in response to what I am about to state to you, "God bless Andrew Johnson!" (Great cheering.) It was my pleasure at this very hour last evening to meet His Excellency the President, in connection with a distinguished gentleman from Hartford, in regard to this all-important election that is upon us—We were confident of his views, and they more so, because, on entering his room, we saw that the only picture which hung there, displacing the one that had previously occupied the place, was the portrait of Andrew Jackson, and we could not but think that the mantle of Andrew Jackson had fallen upon the living man before us. (Cheers) We were there to say to the President, that representations had been made by the Radicals in this State that he was opposed to the election of James E. English. We read to him the statement of Mr. Owen and Mr. Griswold, that has appeared in the public prints, in which they state, in substance, that the President desired whatever battles he fought, to fight within the Union party. He said, "It is true I stated that; but when I said the Union party, I did not mean the men who were endeavoring to break up the Union, but the men who stand by me." (Tumultuous cheering, long continued.) Said he: "I believe the maintenance of this Union depends upon the policy which I have indicated to Congress, and those who sustain that policy are my friends, and those who oppose that policy I certainly have no desire to see elected to any office." (Tremendous cheering.) We stated to him that Postmaster Cleveland, at Hartford, had nobly come forward in defense of our candidate for Governor. He said he was aware of it. A letter was then handed to him in which he stated to the President that he had taken this course, and if it was not satisfactory to the President, his resignation was in his hands. The President took that letter and indorsed upon the back of it, as you have already seen in the public prints: "You political action, in upholding my measures and policy, is approved. Your resignation is, therefore, not accepted, but is herewith returned. Andrew Johnson." (Three rousing cheers for Andrew Johnson.) That letter we bring with us to-night. (Cheers.) "Now," said the President, "whatever battles I fight, I desire to fight in the Union party, and no one, after what I have been through, will question my devotion to the Union, but the Union party is not the party of radicals." (Great cheering.) I do not profess to give here his exact words, but I give you the substance of the conversation. Gentlemen, you know not the interest the President feels in the election that is now pending in this state. (Cheers.) You know not, and cannot imagine one half the interest the people of Washington are taking in this election. Their eyes are turned here as to a battle-field where they hope a great victory is to be won, (cheers)—a victory for the Union and Constitution; and I told them, for my part, that we would be able to send them, a week hence, such a shout of triumph as would gladden the heart of every lover of his country throughout the land. (Cheers.)

Now, if this last statement is true, our Fourth Ward friends are eclipsed by the President of this great nation. President Johnson sets himself up as sole arbiter in all matters of difference between the waring factions of the people of this great nation, torn and distracted by the most terrible rebellion the world ever saw. He sets at defiance the chosen representatives of the loyal people who saved the government, and impudently announces that his is the only policy that can save this Union, and that he is the friend of no man that is not in favor of his policy. And what is his policy? It is to put this government immediately into the hands of the very men that have been trying to destroy it. Thank God, we now know what is the cost of standing by Congress and opposing the policy of this one-horse President. We can have nothing to expect of him, for we do not approve of his policy. Hail Columbia! who is afeared, we say. We had rather beg our bread from door to door in the fear of God, than to have our garners filled by the hands of any man, as a reward of sur cringing servility and abandonment of our honest convictions of right. But we wish it to be distinctly understood that we have no objection to urge against any Republican holding on to any position he may have under Johnson; on the contrary, we advise them to do so, if they can do so without sacrificing their manhood. We are not made of the stuff that will keep still when there is anything going on that we think is wrong. We think Johnson is all wrong; therefore we shall have to come under his condemnation.

New Advertisements.

THE

SILVER SKIRT.

Patented March 7, 1865.

More Durable, More Elastic, More Graceful, and will Keep its Shape and Retain its Place better than

ANY OTHER SKIRT.

THIS new and beautiful style of Skirt was awarded by the Great American Institute Fair, held in New York City, October, 1865, a

Silver Medal

The Highest Premium ever Given For a Hoop Skirt.

The Steel Springs are wound with a fine plated wire (in place of a cotton covering), which will not wear off or become soiled, and the whole Skirt may be scalded without injury or fear of rusting and will be as good as new.

THE

Combination Silver Skirt.

This invention combines with the ordinary cotton skirt the advantages of our Silver Skirt; the bottom hoops are the same as those used in the Silver Skirt, the covering of which cannot wear off, while the upper ones are of cotton. No lady having once worn one of our skirts will be willing to wear any other, as the lower hoops of all other kinds are soon injured and soiled.

The best materials are used in their construction, and from their durability and neatness, they are destined to become

A FAVORITE SKIRT.

ROGGENBEAU, FIXEN & MILLER,

Agents, Racine, Wis.

14-apr4-6m.

SECOND HAND

FURNITURE STORE!

MRS. TOMLINSON.

HAVING engaged in the Second Hand Furniture business, would say to all those having second-hand furniture to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give her a call; and also those wishing to purchase.

CARPETING

also bought and sold.

New and beautiful styles of

OIL FRAMES,

and all kinds of Framing done to order, by a

Competent Workman,

at the old stand of James Tomlinson, on the corner of Main and Fourth Streets, Racine, Wis.

14-apr4-6m.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE Farm for Sale, eight miles West of Racine, on the middle road, near Ives' Grove, containing 80 acres well improved, a comfortable house, a good barn, a good bearing orchard, and good well; for sale cheap.

n6-13w. SQUIRE R. ALLEN,

FOR SALE.

STORE AND DWELLING. For terms apply to

J. H. JOY,

14-apr3-4w. Sixth Street.

CLIPPINGS.

—A severe earthquake shock was on Monday noon felt throughout the chief towns of California.

New lot of Japan tea at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—We have a racy bit of gossip from Richmond. A federal general, having aided in subduing the masculine rebels, attacked the heart of the fair daughter of a merchant, and brought her to terms of capitulation. The wedding wardrobe was procured from Philadelphia, and there was procured anticipations of wedding day, when a lady appeared who had for some years sustained the position of wife to the son of Mars. Of course there was a jelly row.

"Veritas" a new and very choice brand Young Hyson tea.

—At one of the duels recently fought near Paris, the Count de Gulche, being one of the seconds, furnished the two swords used on the occasion, blades belonging to his late uncle, the Count d'Orsay, already fleshed in sundry hostile meetings, but which last did duty in the hands of the present emperor of the French, who borrowed one of them from d'Orsay on some such emergency when in exile.

Coffee, Coffee, Coffee, Coffee, at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—The article going the rounds on the moonless February is mostly "moon-shine." Just such Februarys occurred in 1809, 1828, and 1847, and although they do not occur once in nineteen years, months without full moon are not as rare as represented.

Spices, Spices, Spices, Spices, at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—A. T. Stewart's new residence in New York, now nearly completed, will cost $1,500,000. Its ground size is 128 by 62 feet. Height of ceiling, first floor, 28 feet; second, 24 feet; third, 18 feet, basement 10 feet. It will be altogether the most elegant and expensive building in America.

They are bound to sell lower than any other house in Racine at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—It is stated on good authority that a Phildelphian, who, a few years ago, had a revenue of $20,000 per annum, and cut a large splurge among the *bon ton* of the city, is now an attendent in an eating saloon in New York, on a salary of a few dollars per week.

Very old malt whiskey for medical use at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—An officer in the navy seeing a sailor praying before an engagement, reproached him with cowardice in it. Said he: "I was only praying that the shots might be distributed among the officers in the same proportion as prize money." No further remarks

The only place to get *genuine* old Government Java coffee is at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—Over-crowded omnibuses are not allowed in France. As soon as the seats are all occupied the conductor sticks out a little flag, and as long as the flag remains out no one is allowed to get in.

Try that new "Canvas Back" Gun powder Tea at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—Ellen O'Mahony, Head Directress of the Fenian Sisterhood, is at Boston lecturing. Her auditors compare her delightedly with Anna Dickinson.

Before buying elsewhere, price the groceries at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—A female child has been borne in La Crosse with two perfect tongues. If she lives and marries, won't her husband catch it.

If you want goods as represented go to Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—A recent lecturer on common law says that according to that code a woman when she marries lost her identity, her distinctive character and was like a dew drop swallowed up by a sunbeam.

Genuine old brown Winsor soap at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—It is stated that the the play of Sophocles, Euripides and Æschylus, and other classic authors, are shortly to be performed at one of the Paris theatres.

Look at these "Metal Top Lamp Chimnies" at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—Josephine was passionately fond of musk, though Napoleon strongly objected, and her dressing room at Malmaison is still redolent with its odor, spite of years, scrubbing, paint and aquafortis.

Spices are always fresh ground and pure at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—The Davenport Brothers have abandoned the title of mediums, and now call themselves merely jugglers.

Tea, Tea, Tea, Tea, Tea, Tea, Tea, Tea, at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—There is a great deal of theology in the idea of the little girl who wished that she could be good without obeying her grandmother. She said it was easy enough to read good books and pray, but it was pretty hard to mind grandmother.

Fair dealings fair dealings at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—The latest Masonic statistics report there are 1,300,000 brethern of the mystic tie in the world, and 5,000 lodges, scattered all over the world—in Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South America, Oceanica and the Indian Archipelago.

More choice brand tea just received at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

—A field of wheat, buried under an avalanche in Switzerland, for twenty-five years, proceeded on its growth as soon as the snow had melted.

CITY TAX LIST.

Racine, March 15, 1866.

To Whom it may Concern—Know Ye

That all and between the 24th day of September and the 10th day of October, A. D., 1864, the following tracts or lots of land were sold for the Volunteer Bounty taxes for the year 1864; and that the same will be forfeited unless redeemed, according to law, within two years from date of sale thereof, as they are designated in the following list; and that the taxes and charges upon each lot or tract at the time of sale thereof, are set opposite such lot or tract in said list; and that the sum for each lot or tract sold has been on interest at the rate of twenty-five per cent. per annum from the day of sale:

FIRST WARD.

Sold Oct. 1, 1864.	Lot.	Blk.	Description	Amount
do	4	1	"	$13 88
do	5	"	"	58 29
do	11	5	"	6 08
do	12	7	"	9 09
do	.	7	all E of W 160 ft—120 ft South of 2d street	50 60
do	1	8	"	5 45
do	4	"	S 40 ft.	10 75
do	9	"	W 95 ft of N ½	2 77
do	10	"	W 95 ft	8 08
do	18	"	S ½	11 45
do	13	"	N ½	8 08
do	14	"	S ½	5 08
do	4	9	S 86 ft	23 35
do	6	"	undivided ½ of S ½ of N ½	2 77
do	6	"	undivided ½ of S ½	2 77
do	9	"	"	10 08
do	10	"	S 21 ft	2 10
do	11	"	"	9 40
do	12	"	S 92 ft	2 77
do	15	"	"	6 75
do	16	"	"	9 43
do	4	12	S ½	16 05
do	5	"	S 20 ft of N 40 ft	15 65
do	6	"	S 26½ ft	21 69
do	7	"	N ½	28 85
do	11	"	S ½	4 75
do	12	"	N ½	2 42
do	14	"	N 26 ft	6 07
do	7	13	E 33 ft	6 07
do	10	"	N ½	10 06
do	10	"	N ½	9 66
do	18	"	S ½	7 74
do	13	"	N ½	7 78
do	14	"	N ½ of S ½ of W ½	5 42
do	1	4	Ex E 33 ft. & W 12 ft	2 12
do	2	"	Ex W 12 & N 20 of W 80 of E 33 ft	58
do	3	"	"	53
do	4	"	N ½	27
do	4	"	S ½	27
do	5	"	"	45
do	9	"	W 50 ft of E ½	93
do	9	"	W ½ of S 40 ft	70
do	9	"	W 50 ft of E ½ of S 40 ft	53
do	2	17	N ½	36
do	3	"	S ½	36
do	3	"	N ½	36
do	3	"	S ½	86
do	4	"	"	45
do	5	"	"	45
do	6	"	"	45
do	7	"	"	45
do	8	"	"	53
do	9	"	"	58
do	10	"	"	58
do	12	"	"	58
do	12	"	S ½	36
do	12	"	N ½	36
do	13	"	"	62
do	2	18	N ½ of S ½	2 10
do	9	"	S 20 ft of N ½	10 06
do	14	"	N ½ ex E 8 ft	36 64
do	6	20	S 20 ft	6 07
do	5	"	W 55 ft	11 25
do	9	"	W 105 ft	14 72
do	12	"	Ex S 90 ft	10 06
do	2	21	"	81
do	3	"	"	9 12
do	4	"	Undivided two ninth	27
do	4	"	Undivided five-ninths	45
do	4	"	Undivided two-ninths	27
do	5	"	Undivided two-ninths	27
do	5	"	Undivided five-ninths	45
do	5	"	Undivided two-ninths	27
do	6	"	Undivided ½ ex R R track	36
do	6	"	Undivided ½ ex R R track	36
do	7	"	"	79
do	8	"	"	79
do	9	"	"	79
do	24	2	E 50 of N 32 ft	8 07
do	7	25	Ex E 20 ft	37 30
do	8	"	S ½	8 42
do	12	"	"	11 42
do	1	27	"	9 40
do	12	"	"	21 36
do	4	33	Undivided two-ninths	19
do	4	"	Undivided two-ninths	19
do	4	"	Undivided five ninths	27
do	5	31	W 10 ft	19
do	6	"	W 10 ft	19
do	7	"	E 40 ft	1 09
do	8	"	E 40 ft	1 09
do	7	"	W ½ of E ½	1 09
do	8	"	W ½ of E ½	1 09
do	1	35	E 20 ft	12 07

SECOND WARD.

Sold Sept. 26, 1864.				
do	8	8	S Sec	19 56
do	2	"	N ½ S Sec	11 80
do	7	4	S ½ S Sec	9 77
do	1	12	" "	21
do	2	"	E ½ "	2 61
do	2	"	W ½ "	11 11
do	3	"	W ½ "	8 54
do	3	"	E ½ "	55
do	4	"	"	27
do	8	15	S 60 ft "	9 97
do	8	"	"	4 83
do	7	16	"	8 83
do	9	17	"	9 97
do	10	"	"	6 45
do	5	18	N ½ "	5 80
do	1	26	"	37
do	2	"	"	2 26
do	5	"	"	27
do	8	"	"	27
do	2	27	"	2 85
do	2	29	E ½ "	1 48
do	1	36	"	36
do	9	"	"	1 45
do	4	"	"	19
do	6	"	"	19
do	7	43	"	6 08
do	7	99	"	1 45
do	8	"	"	1 82
do	9	91	"	1 48
do	10	"	"	1 82
do	11	"	"	2 16
do	4	92	"	8 54
do	3	98	"	4 23
do	4	"	"	11 11
do	9	"	"	7 67

THIRD WARD.

Sold Oct. 10, 1864.				
do	5	4	Harbor addition	20 28
do	6	"	" "	20 26
do	6	5	S Sec	40 42
do	9	6	N ½ S Sec	22 62
do	7	7	S 204 ft of N ½ S Sec	5 14
do	10	"	S ½ S Sec	6 82
do	8	"	E ½ Harbor addition	1 15
do	8	"	W ½ Harbor addition	94
do	6	"	Harbor addition	7 66
do	5	"	" "	8 50
do	5	8	S Sec	22 62
do	6	"	N 20 ft S Sec	2 62
do	9	"	S Sec	20 26
do	10	"	" "	88 70
do	14	"	Harbor addition	1 57
do	8	14	" "	10 18
do		15	Undivided ½ Harbor add'n	16 06
do		16	" " ½ " "	1 76
do		17	" " ½ " "	11 91
do		19	" " ½ ex R 400 ft Harbor addition	2 67
do	1	21	W 41 ft S Sec	10 18
do	8	22	S Sec	20 26
do	12	"	"	88 70
do	11	32	"	5 14
do	6	20	"	11 02
do	33	33	E ½ of E ½ blk 3 Sec	21 94
do	5	38	W ½ blk 3 Sec	8 46
do	7	"	" "	3 46
do	8	"	" "	3 46
do	12	"	" "	4 80
do	1	"	E ½ blk 3 Sec	5 98
do	3	"	S ½ of N 100 ft	67 30
do	1	48	N ½ E ½ blk 8 Sec	33 70
do	2	48	" " "	8 60
do	10	48	E ½ blk 8 Sec	26 98
do	8	48	S Sec	43 40
do	5	49	"	13 54
do	6	49	"	21 94
do	7	49	Directly-W and adjoining lots 4 and 5, bounded as follows: Beginning at S W cor on lot 5, thence W 30½ ft, thence N 44 deg W 746-10 ft to a stake on S line of U S road, thence N easterly on S line of said U S road to the N W corner of lot 4, thence S to place of beginning	3 46
do	49		Commencing at S W corner, thence E 1 chain 89 links to railroad, thence N 30 deg E on railroad 85 links, thence N 50 deg W, to W line of blk, thence to beginning	6 82
do	49		All S and W of Heck's land and N of Shaw, and E of Pik Rd	1 78
do	4	50	W ½ blk S Sec	2 62
do	5	"	" "	2 62
do	6	"	" "	6 82
do	7	"	" "	8 46
do	8	"	E ½ blk "	8 46
do	9	"	N ½ blk "	94
do	58	53	E 120 of N 40 ft	1 67
do	54		E 82 of S 60 ft N of S 1 acre S Sec	7 66
do	55		N ½ of N ½ of S, E ½ of blk S Sec	12 70
do	55		S ½ of N ½ of S, W ½ of blk S Sec	12 70
do	55		All lying between S ½ and Railroad S Sec	1 57
do	55		W 20 ft of S ½ of S E ½ S Sec	4 90
do	55		All S of Scott and H Hess and E of P Rd, ex land owned by Hutton, Dufour, Le Roy, Graham and McInnes S Sec	12 88
do	55		90 ft on P Rd, and 190 ft deep at right angles with P Rd, next N of P Le Ray's S Sec	5 14
do	56		S ½ of W ½ W ½ blk "	11 86
do	19	57	E ½ blk "	8 50
do	5	"	N ½ W ½ blk "	8 88
do	11	"	" " "	5 14
do	8	"	S ½ W ½ blk "	4 80
do	58		All of N ½ E of Rrd "	14 88
do			S 88½ of N 245 ft "	10 18
do	6	59	Carey's Sub "	2 20
do	7	"	" "	4 09
do	8	"	" "	2 20
do	9	"	" "	2 20
do	22	61	S 63 ft W ½ blk, Belden's Sub S Sec	5 98
do	62		All ex Rrd track "	43 70
do	64		W ½ of N 1 6 W ½ blk "	13 60
do			E ½ of S 1-6 "	9 35
do			E ½ of S 40 ft of N ½ E ½ blk S Sec	6 54
do	65		E ½ of S ½ of N ½ W ½ blk S Sec	4 95
do	66		Herrick's Sub "	1 60
do			" "	75
do			" "	95
do	67		Ex 1-3-100 acres sold to Railroad Co, also ex 45 ft E and W and 100 ft N and S, heretofore conveyed to O G Secor, and also ex 80

City & Local Matters.

WEDNESDAY APRIL 4, 1866

Departure of Trains and Closing of Mails.

	Departure of Trains.	*Closing of Mails*
Going South—	3.45 A. M.	3.15 A. M.
" "	5.42 P. M.	5.00 P. M.
Freight,	6.15 P. M.	
Going North—	12.12 noon.	11.40 A. M.
" "	7.99 P. M.	7.00 P. M.
Freight,	2.25 A. M.	
Going West—	12.20 A. M.	11.50 A. M.
" "	8.00 P. M.	5.40 P. M.
Freight,	5.40 P. M.	

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, November 28th, trains will leave and arrive at Chicago, as follows:

WISCONSIN DIVISION.

	Leave.	*Arrive.*
Day Passenger	9.00 A. M.	8.40 P. M.
Night Passenger	4.30 P. M.	5.00 A. M.
Woodstock Accommodation	3.00 P. M.	10.20 A. M.
Janesville Passenger	5.15 P. M.	9.15 P. M.
Madison Passenger	4.30 P. M.	9.15 P. M.

GALENA AND IOWA DIVISIONS.

Fulton and Cedar Rapids Pass.	8.15 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.00 A. M.	3.30 P. M.
Stage Accommodation	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Rockford	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Fox River Valley Accom.	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Geneva Accommodation	3.30 P. M.	8.40 A. M.
Iowa Express Passenger	7.00 P. M.	5.00 A. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.15 P. M.	1.30 A. M.

The Night Passenger train leaves Dunleith and Freeport going East Sunday night instead of Saturday. The 7.00 P. M. Iowa Express leaves Chicago Sunday night instead of Saturday. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

G. M. WHITTLER, General Ticket Agt. GEO. L. DUNLAP, General Sup't.

Advertisers will please to bring in their Advertisements as early as Monday Morning.

☞ Joy, Coe & Co., Publishers' Agents, Tribune Buildings, New York, Brown's Iron Building, Philadelphia, are authorized to contract for advertising in our paper.

WESTERN UNION ROAD.—Perhaps the most important part, at least the most interesting part of the works we neglected to speak of, in our brief allusion to the Western Union Works in this city, and, fortunately for us, we happened to time our visit to the Round House so as to meet Superintendent Tate there, who, we judged, was on a tour of inspection and observation, and who kindly showed us over the immense works. What we would particularly call the attention of our readers to, is the pattern makers' department. Here everything that is used on the road in the shape of castings is first fashioned and formed. From this department we passed to the room where the draughtsman showed us a plan of the new engines that are being built by the road. We are not sufficiently conversant with the art to explain it intelligibly to our readers, but would simply say that before us lay the drawings of every part of a locomotive, and that from these drawings the work is to be executed. Any one who knows anything of a locomotive can best conjecture what skill and patience was required to perfect all this. From this room we went over the entire works, where hundreds of hands were busy at work, moulding and shaping everything that could be of use and utility to a great road. But here let us speak of one thing, perhaps of a personal nature, but yet that struck us so forcibly as we passed along, that we cannot overlook it. It was the kindly courtesy shown by Mr. Tate to the employees, the dignified yet familiar intercourse with all, the total abstinence of all that false pride that one so often sees in men of position to subordinates. It was a simple thing, and yet it went home to our heart, as no doubt it has gone home to the hearts of many who will read this. From the Round House we entered Mr. Greavely's office. Here the entire accounts are kept, and from what we could learn there is no man on the road who bears a better reputation than this gentleman. The road is also repairing the dredge, and intend commencing work as soon as possible at the mouth of the harbor. There is also some prospect of having a line of boats from Chicago to Racine, and then across to Grand Haven, running in connection with the road.

☞ To be a good barber requires that a man should be possessed of the true poetic principle, and a tonsorial artist is a rare thing to meet with, one under whose delicate manipulations a person is lulled into a sort of dreamy state of forgetfulness and luxurious ease. Not one of those butchers who always goes at you as though he was going to scrape the skin off, as well as the obnoxious bristles; or who goes at your hair as if bent on making a clean thing of the job, and instead of clipping the rough ends, intends to take the evil at the very roots. We know of one real artist in the city, and that is Phil Ehrenfels, and we are pleased to state that Phil has opened a new shop, the finest in Racine, directly under this office.

☞ How refreshing are the April showers they nourish into life the opening buds and renew all vegetation. But yet it is a time of the year when there is a great danger of taking Cold from exposure to the weather. Coe's Cough Balsam is excellent for Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, and all Pulmonary Complaints.

While Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is invaluable in Dyspepsia Indigestion, and all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

NEW MUSIC.—We are under obligations to Prof. Webster for two more of his new songs—"Protect the Freedmen," and "The Dog and Gun." This last song, we think, has the finest title page of any we ever saw, and those who have heard the music speak highly of it. We are also indebted to Hempstead, of Milwaukee, for several little songs published by him, "Thou art Watching over me"—"Stand by the Flag"—"Our Better Day"—"Clinton Waltz"—"Sing me a Merry Lay"—"Army Blue," and "Lady Fair."

A FACT WORTH REMEMBERING.—We would call the attention of all to the fact that the Western Union Road is now running in connection with the road running to Rock Island, and all who may have business that way will find this a surer and nearer route than by the way of Chicago, and by taking this route they save some two or three dollars expense, and arrive at their destination in much less time.

☞ FOR ALL CASES arising from Indigestion, use the mild cordial *Red Jacket Bitters*, which will gently *assist* instead of *attacking*, the functions of nature. These Bitters are for sale by all respectable druggists and dealers throughout the country.

☞ It is the opinion of many of the boys who had tickets in the Gift Concert that came off in Chicago the 28th of last month, that Lemon soured on them, about the time the drawing came off.

VAGRANCY.—David Brown, better known as Crazy Brown, was arrested by Marshal Barker on charge of vagrancy and lodged in jail.

Republican City Convention.

At a Republican Union Convention held at the Court House, Saturday evening, March 31st, pursuant to notice, to nominate city officers, Albert Knight was called to the chair, and Wm. J. Shepherd appointed secretary.

On motion the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Republicans of this city hereby declare their determination to sustain the actions of our representatives in Congress, in endeavoring to secure the blessings of liberty and civil rights to all, and to guard against the influences which have been brought on us by the late rebellion.

On motion the convention endorsed the call requesting Geo. A. Thomson, Esq., to allow his name to be used as an independent candidate for Mayor.

On motion, an informal ballot was taken for City Clerk and Comptroller, with the following result:

Whole number of votes cast	25
J. A. Beaugrand received	22
Samuel Ritchie	2

On motion, J. A. Beaugrand was declared unanimously nominated.

On motion, an informal ballot was taken for City Treasurer, with the following result:

Whole number of votes cast	25
Of which S. C. Yout received	24
A. L. Phillips	1

On motion S. C. Yout was declared unanimously nominated.

On motion, an informal ballot was taken for Justice of the Peace:

Whole number of votes cast	25
Of which Duncan St. Claire received	21
J. Thompson	1
D. McDonald	4
E. L. Taylor	1

A formal ballot was then taken:

Whole number of votes cast	25
Of which Duncan St. Claire received	17
D. McDonald	5
Dr. Thompson	3

Duncan St. Claire was then declared unanimously nominated.

On motion, an informal ballot was taken for City Marshal:

Whole number of votes cast	25
Of which W. W. Barker received	19
Dr. Lewis	3
J. Reichlingman	2
F. Underhill	1

A formal ballot was then taken:

Whole number of votes cast	25
Of which W. W. Barker received	23
Dr. Lewis	2

An informal ballot was taken for Assessor:

Whole number of votes cast	23
Of which A. L. Phillips received	15
A. G. Knight	4
Thos. Dickinson	4

A formal ballot was then taken with the following result:

Whole number of votes cast	25
A. L. Phillips	19
Thos. Dickinson	6

A. L. Phillips unanimously nominated.

The following named persons were appointed a City Committee for the ensuing year:

Samuel Ritchie, F. M. Knapp, P. G. Cheves, A. B. Finch, C. T. Briggs.

Attest: WM. J. SHEPHERD, Secretary.

PERSONAL.—With mingled feelings of pleasure and regret, we learn of the promotion and departure of John W. Foster—pleasure to know that he has received promotion in the field of usefulness, regret that he is compelled to leave us; for of a truth, there are but few better men living than John W. Foster. For years he has lived here, and during that time, he has won to himself a host of friends by his unvarying kindness and affability. As a business man he has ever been prompt and efficient in the discharge of his duties, and it is these qualifications that have secured to him the position he now occupies. He goes to New York as the General Eastern agent of the Western Union Road. We heartily wish him every success in his new field of operations, and feel confident that he will succeed.

— A short time since we had the pleasure of announcing the return of Paymaster C. S. Chase, after an absence of four years in the service. We took occasion at that time to speak of the very creditable and satisfactory manner in which Major Chase had performed his duties. We are happy, in confirmation of what we then said, to state the Major has been breveted to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, for his meritorious services. He will soon have so many titles that we shall not venture on any of them, for fear of getting wrong; but call him Chase, a name he honors.

— Mr. Hunt, who has for so many years been a resident of this city, and who for such a long time has been connected with the Railroad, has at last been promoted to the third story of McClurg's block, and has had given the entire charge of the stationery of the road. We are glad to see this; "Well done thou good and faithful servant, thou has been faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many."

— W. F. McHenry, who was once a groceryman in this city, has again returned, after an absence of thirteen years in California.

MORE BAD LUCK FOR OUR CITY AND A WORTHY CITIZEN.—On Monday, about 10 A. M., our citizens in the business portion of the city were startled by a terrible crash, which proved to be the tumbling down of one of our finest stores on Main street, belonging to Hon. N. D. Pratt, and occupied by Bliss & Erb. The south wall was connected with the Titus Hall building, which was burned in the great conflagration. The walls were so much injured by the fire that during the severe storm on Monday morning they gave way. It is a miracle that no one was killed, as there were quite a number in the building at the time it fell. We learn that Dr. Newell's son, of Waterford, and some one else, were seriously but not fatally injured. It is a serious loss to Mr. Pratt, which will be regreted by his numerous friends, and the same may be said of Bliss & Erb. It seems a miracle that Justice Thomas, whose office was in the upper part of the building. He was completely hemmed in, and had to be taken out of the window. Messrs. Bliss & Erb will again be ready for business in a few days—first door north of National Bank.

DISASTER TO THE SHIPPING.—About three o'clock last Tuesday morning, the vessels moored above Fourth street bridge, broke away under the force of the freshet, and came down the river, passing under the bridge and badly damaging several of them. The Schooner *Gesine*, of Manitowoc, had her main-mast carried away close to her deck, her fore-masthead broken, and all her forward rigging torn to pieces. The Schooner *Traveller*, of Chicago, is a perfect wreck; all her spars and rigging are completely gone—both masts and bow-sprit snapped off close to the deck. The *Elbe*, of this place, is somewhat damaged, the force of the current crushing the *Scott* against her side. The *John S. Wallace* is also badly injured; she had a large hole stove in her bow, and is leaking badly. It is a serious blow to our vessel owners and one that thousands of dollars cannot repair.

THE FIRE ENGINE.—To the meeting held for the purpose of ascertaining whether the steam fire engine should be kept, resulted in concluding not to keep the engine. But since the meeting a subscription has been started, headed by Mayor Thomson, and there is every prospect that the engine will remain in the city.

LOST.—A full sized mink cape, supposed to be taken from the house. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of the cape.

MRS. J. PRESTON.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—We noticed in the Racine *Advocate* of last week, a very unneighborly and ungentlemanly article, reflecting upon us and our place of business. It is well known to the citizens of Racine that we are not fighting, or even quarrelsome men; neither do we keep fighting dogs, and it is very rare that such a thing as a dog fight happens in our market. Dogs are like some editors; they quarrel over a bone, and the public can't always prevent it. Neither can we prevent the dogs. We wish to assure the public that we have no pleasure in such things.

GILLET, ROWLEY & BRO.

We believe the local of the *Advocate* was laboring under a mistake, as we do not believe Mr. Sandford would knowingly be unjust to any of our citizens.

AUCTION SALE OF PICTURES.—A gallery pictures has been opened one door south of McHenery's photograph gallery, for the inspection of the public, who are especially invited to call and examine the fine assortment of pictures. We have examined them and can assure our citizens that there are many real gems in the collections. These pictures will be sold at auction, on Wednesday, April 4th, afternoon and evening.

SOMETHING STYLISH.—We mean the double harness just made for Major Throup, by Messrs. Brooker & Clark. It is the finest specimen of work we have ever seen turned out of any shop in the west, and one that reflects credit upon the workmen. Any one wanting anything in their line, will find them on Sixth street.

☞ Last Sabbath the right of baptism was administered to a large number of converts, by Elder Ravlin, of the First Baptist Church of this city. The religious interest of many has been awakened under the influence of his earnest efforts, and many have confessed Christ and become united with the church.

LAST DANCE OF THE SEASON.—Mr. A. Wooster gives the last of the series of parties, which have been so popular with our young people during the winter, on Thursday evening, April 4th. As this is the last so it will be the best party that the Professor has given this season.

☞ Edgar & Newman is the place to find anything in the line of vegetables or poultry, butter, eggs and such like. They have also a large stock of seed wheat and grass see from Minnesota and Northern Iowa.

☞ $15 REWARD.—Strayed from my residence, corner of State and Elm Streets, Sugatown, on Thursday, March 29, a large Speckled Cow, red and white, small, short horns, turned up; switch of tail cut off short. The above reward will be paid for her return, or for information where she may be found.

14-apr4-3w. J. M. BROWN.

FLOUR.—We have on hand the celebrated Farmers' Mills Winter Wheat Flour, manufactured at Quincey, Ills. We are the only firm in the city who keeps this brand. For sale in large or small quantities to suit purchasers. This Flour we can recommend as being the best in the city.

10-Mar7-tf. BENNETT & WOOD.

NOTICE.—John A. McHenry, the photograph artist, has commenced moving his picture gallery back, to make room for the new front he intends putting up immediately. This will not, however, interfere with his business in the least. Pictures can be had right along. 14-apr4-tf

SOCIABLE.—The sociable and dance for the benefit of the City Band, was a decided success pecuniarily and sociably. Union Hall was filled with a merry crowd of dancers and the festivities were kept up until an early hour before the party adjourned.

FOR SALE.—The subscriber has a splendid new milch cow and calf for sale, kind and gentle in every particular. Also one new Grover & Baker Sewing Machine, which will be sold very reasonable.

11-mar14-tf. HENRY FRY.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS my wife, EVE BARBARA, has left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation, I therefore forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account after this date.

HENRY FRY.

Racine, March 18, 1866. 11-mar14-4w.

JUST RECEIVED.—A large stock of Tapestry Brussels, Lowell three ply, extra and super and superfine Carpets, at the lowest market rates at

14-apr4-tf. ROGGENBEAU FIXEN & MILLER.

☞ A complete assortment of Trefousse Kid Gloves, every pair warranted at

n14-tf. ROGGENBEAU, FIXEN & MILLER'S.

JUST RECEIVED.—A large variety of Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans and Cottonades, at greatly reduced prices. No Shoddy! at

n14-tf. ROGGENBEAU FIXEN & MILLER'S

DRESS GOODS.—A choice stock of Spring and Summer Dress Goods, 50 per cent lower than last fall's prices, at

n14-tf. ROGGENBEAU, FIXEN & MILLER.

☞ Dan Howard's Commercial College is now permanently opened over the First National Bank. 14-apr4-tf

☞ Hungarian Grass Seed at

10-Mar-7-tf JOHN KIMBER.

☞ Agent for Lill's Chicago Ale.

10-Mar-7-tf JOHN KIMBER.

☞ Received this day for sale, Field and Dwarf Peas, by

10-Mar-7-tf JOHN KIMBER.

☞ Sand Plaster and water Lime for sale at John Kimbers.

☞ SORGHUM SYRUP—80 cents a gallon,

11-mar14-tf. at BENNETT & WOOD'S.

☞ Marrowfat Peas, by

10-Mar-7-tf JOHN KIMBER.

MARKETS.

RACINE JOURNAL OFFICE, Racine, April 21, 1866.

Wheat, $1 00@1 25.
Oats, 22@23c.
Corn, shelled, 34@40c.
" in ear, 34@38c.
Barley, fair to good, 40@60c.
" Prime, $1 00@1 10.
Beans, nominal 50@75c.
Butter, 33c@37½c. Supply eq demand.
Cheese, Western, 16@18c.
" Eastern, 21@22.
Eggs, 16@20c.
Lard, 16@18c.
Potatoes, 90@45c.
Timothy Seed, 3.25@3.50.
Onions, 60@75c.
Flax Seed $2 00@2 50.
Hay, $8@9 per ton.
" Pressed, $8@11.
Wool, at Factory, 40@50c.
Beef, on foot, 4.50@5.50.
Pork, dressed, 10 00@10 25.
Sheep, per head, $5.00@5.00.
Calves, per head, 4.00@10.00.
Hides, green salted, 12@20c. per lb.
" Green, 6@8c. per lb. } off for Grubby.
" Dry, 12@20c.
Calf Skins, green, 15@20c.
" Dry, 25@30c.
Sheep Skins, 75@100.

Election Returns.

RACINE, April 3d—9 P. M.

The following are the returns of the Charter Election of the City of Racine:

FIRST WARD.

For Mayor—Geo. A. Thomson,	152.
For City Clerk—J. A. Beaugrand	154.
For Treasurer—S. C. Yout, (Rep.)	181.
" " —S. G. Knight, (Dem.)	20.
For Justice of the Peace—D. Sinclair, (Rep.)	65.
" " " —D. McDonald, (Ind.)	90.
For Assessor—A. L. Phillips (Rep.)	120.
" " —G. Tenbert, (Dem.)	36.
For Marshal—W. W. Barker (Rep.)	124.
" " —E. Hollister, (Dem.)	31.
For Alderman—A. P. Hutton, (Rep.)	119.
For School Com.—John Elkins, (Rep.)	128.

SECOND WARD.

For Mayor—Geo. A. Thomson,	210
For City Clerk—J. A. Beaugrand,	208
For Treasurer—S. C. Yout, (Rep.)	196
" " —S. Knight, (Dem.)	14
For Justice of the Peace—D. Sinclair, (Rep.)	137
" " " —D. McDonald, (Ind.)	78
For Assessor—A. L. Phillips, (Rep.)	179
" " —G. Tenbert, (Dem.)	31
For Marshal—W. W. Barker, (Rep.)	189
" " —E. Hollister, (Dem.)	27
For Alderman—L. C. Osborn, (Rep)	100
" " —W. Beswick, (Ind.)	102
For School Com.—D. C. Washburn, (Rep.)	176
" " —Alex. Burch, (Dem.)	34

THIRD WARD.

For Mayor—Geo. A. Thomson,	367
For City Clerk—James A. Beaugrand,	364
For Treasurer—S. C. Yout, (Rep.)	317
" " —S. G. Knight, (Dem.)	59
For Justice of the Peace—D. Sinclair, (Rep.)	176
" " " —D. McDonald, (Ind.)	192
For Marshal—W. W. Barker, (Rep.)	231
" " —E. Hollister, (Dem.)	184
For Assessor—G. Tenbert, (Dem.)	173
" " —A. L. Phillips, (Rep.)	198
For Alderman—John Vaghan, (Rep.)	209
" " —G. W. Scanlon, (Dem.)	126
For School Com.—J. O. Lukes, (Rep.)	225
" " —J. K. Reed, (Dem.)	82
Scattering,	10

FOURTH WARD.

For Mayor—G. A. Thomson,	169.
For City Clerk—J. A. Beaugrand,	164.
For City Treasurer—S. C. Yout, (Union.)	148.
" " " —A. G. Knight, (Dem.)	29.
For Justice of the Peace—D. McDonald, (Ind.)	161–
" " " —D. Sinclair, (Union.)	11.
For Marshal—E. Hollister, (Dem.)	30.
" " —W. W. Barker, (Union.)	38.
For Alderman—I. C. Paine,	114.
" " —Bohn, (Ind.)	49.
For School Com.—Curtis, (Rep.)	141.

FIFTH WARD.

For Mayor—Geo. A. Thomson,	187.
For City Clerk—J. A. Beaugrand,	162.
For City Treasurer—S. C. Yout, (Rep.)	109.
" " " —S. G. Knight, (Dem.)	65.
For Justice of the Peace—D. Sinclair, (Rep.)	84.
" " " —D. McDonald, (Ind.)	134.
For City Marshal—W. W. Barker, (Rep.)	56.
" " —E. Hollister, (Dem.)	79.
For Assessor—A. L. Phillips, (Rep.)	76.
" " —Teubert, (Dem.)	92.
For Alderman—C. Clement, (Rep.)	26.
" " —H. Tyrell, (Dem.)	14.
" " —Homer Glass, (Ind.)	126.
For School Com.—R. H. Baker, (Rep.)	84.
" " —C. Nettleton, (Dem.)	50.

"No News From Dover."

[Special Despatch to the Racine Journal.]

From Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 3d—9 P. M.

City election passed off quietly, only one ticket in the field the Democratic, which is elected; the nominees of the peoples ticket having withdrawn.

Tallmadge, present incumbent, is mayor.

From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 3—9 P. M.

About eighteen thousand votes were polled in this city yesterday, a large turnout for a local election. The Union majority is in the neighborhood of 3,000. In most instances a simple suspicion that a candidate for the Council might be in the interest of the Gas Company was sufficient to defeat him.

From Leavenworth.

ST. LOUIS, April 3—9 P. M.

The entire Union Ticket for City officers, headed by ex-Governor Carney for Mayor, was elected in Leavenworth, Kan., yesterday. The vote was the largest ever cast.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 3—9 P. M.

The indications are favorable to the Conservatives, though good judges think the Radicals will carry the city by about 500 majority.

MARRIED.

In this city, March 22d, by Rev. Wm. H. Sampson, Mr. CHAS. M. CHURCH, of Oshkosh, and Miss ALVIRA E. SIMMONS, of Yorkville.

In this city, April 1st., by the Rev. Father Matthews Mr. TIMOTHY HALL and Miss MARY HANDLY.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED IN THE Post Office at Racine, State of Wisconsin, on April 4, 1866.

Arand, John Fred 2	Johnson, Sarah E Mrs
Bacon, Letty M Mrs	Ingersol, Jesse
Blockdre, John	Jursen, J
Benedict, J E Mrs	LaFever, Louis K
Bell, E	Lloyd, T W
Burton, Clinton H	Morton, Irene E Miss
Chase, Haley	Markey, Peter
Collinary, David	Nielson, Ane Catherine
Clark, Delty Miss	Ole, Peter
Davies, Henry V	Raymond, Frank
Davis, David W	Wood, Hopewell
Hard, A C	White, George W
Jorgenson, Lars	

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "*advertised letters*," giving the date of this list and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between Wm. Wells and D. G. Fletcher, under the firm of Wells & Fletcher, was dissolved on the 17th day of March 1866, by mutual consent. Wm. Wells is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the company.

WM. WELLS.
D. G. FLETCHER.

Business will be continued at the old stand under the same firm of Wells & Fletcher. 14-apr-4-3w.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

WHEREAS, I am credibly informed that LOREN W. C. WARD is soliciting orders for Nursery stock in several counties in Wisconsin, and representing that he is selling articles from my Nursery, this is to say, that said Ward has obtained no articles from the Bloomington Nursery, whatever, since Spring of 1864, that I have no business connection or agreement with him whatever, and those who purchase of him must not hold me responsible for any representations he may make.

F. K. PHŒNIX.

Bloomington, Ill., March 16, 1866. 13-mar28-4w

CARRIAGE TRIMMING

EDWIN FOSTER

WISHES TO SAY TO THE PUBLIC that he has secured the services of one of the

Best of Carriage Trimmers,

And hopes that all who want anything in this department will give him a call.

Carriage Trimming,

IN EVERY STYLE, will be executed in the prompt manner and at the lowest rates.

Racine, July 13. July13-1y

NEW STORE

On the corner of 6th and Wisconsin streets.

RODKEY & NORTON

ARE NOW RECEIVING A LARGE and splendid assortment of fancy goods, consisting of

RIBBONS, TARLTONS, ZEPHYRS, CHENILLES, DRESS TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, NETS, COILS, COLLARS, LADIES' & GENT'S HANDKERCHIEFS AND NECK TIES, GUFFS, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Yankee notions. Call and see them.

Racine, Wis., March 27, 1866. 13-6m

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND TWO LOTS for Sale, for $275. Apply to E. TIEDE, Shop Sign, Market Square, Racine, Wis.

New Advertisements.

UNION IS STRENGTH!

ROGGENBEAU, FIXEN & MILLER,

TAKE pleasure in informing their many friends and the public in general, that they have consolidated their

IMMENSE STOCKS

OF

STAPLE

AND

Fancy Dry Goods

AND

BOOTS AND SHOES.

They have leased the well known elegant Store of

LEE & DIXON,

Where they are making extensive preparations for the Spring Trade, and have now on exhibition an immense Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

which will be sold at prices as

LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Have constantly on hand at all times a full line of

PRINTS

AND

CLOTH.

R. F. & M.

Are constantly receiving throughout the season, the latest novelties in

Plain and Fancy Dress Goods,
Wool Delaines
Printed Delaines,
Challies,
Mozambiques,
Printed Jaconets,
Lawns, etc.,

Also a complete

Stock of Notions

AND

MILLINERY GOODS

At prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS.

R. F. & M.

Will bring one of the Choicest Stocks of CARPETS ever brought to this city, at prices that will

Defy Competition.

R. F. & M.

Have been increasing their facilities for manufacturing

Boots and Shoes.

MR. MILLER

Will devote his whole time to this branch of the Business.

JOE, who stood at the head of the Sons of St. Crispin for the

LAST TEN YEARS,

feels confident that with his increased facilities, he can suit even the

MOST FASTIDIOUS.

He Challenges Competition.

They have on hand now the largest and

BEST SELECTED STOCK

of Boots and Shoes

Ever Brought to Racine,

which will be sold at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

Desirous to make room for a

SPRING STOCK.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to

REPAIRING.

REMEMBER, THE OLD STAND

OF

LEE & DICKSON,

No. 116 Main Street, Racine.

'66. WINTER TRADE. '66

GEO. BULL & CO.,

No. 1 and 2 Sixth Street, Cor. of Main.

Wholesale and Retail dealers in

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

We can say, without fear of contradiction, that we have the largest combined Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Crockery, Glass,
Wood & Willow Ware,

Ever brought into the city of Racine, and we are determined not to be under sold by any one. We have a very desirable stock of all varieties of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, &c., &c.

Also a full assortment of Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Worsted Goods, &c.

A better opportunity was never presented to the Ladies of Racine to suit themselves as to price, style and quality.

Our Grocery Department

Is Not Connected with the Dry Goods Room

And is attended by separate clerks, which makes it so much more pleasant for those wishing to purchase Dry Goods. In this line we are not afraid to say that our Stock for quantity or quality, was never surpassed in this city, and which must and will sell, if good goods and low prices have anything to do with making sales. Call and examine our stock, our business is to show it, and we will always take pleasure in doing

KEROSENE OIL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Feb 7, 1866-tf

GEO. BULL & CO.,

No. 1 and 2 Sixth Street,

Are now offering their

LARGE STOCK

OF

DRY G S

at reduced prices for 30 days, preparatory to receiving their

SPRING STOCK.

Consisting in part of

Alapacca been selling at	1 50	now	1 00
Merino do do	2 00	do	1 50
Prints do do	8@30	do	25
Shawls do do	12 00@14 00	do	10 00@12 00

Checks and all Dress Goods, the same discount.

Cloths and Cassemers also from four shillings to twelve shillings discount.

Flannels did sell at six shillings, now four to six shillings. Hosiery Gloves, and Notions same proportion

We reduce the price of our

GROCERY STOCK

also

Teas been selling at	2 25	now	2 00
do do	2 00	do	1 75
do do	1 75	do	1 50
do do	1 50	do	1 25
Sugars, Drusted been selling at	25 cts	now	22cts
do "A" do do	22	do	20
do "B" do do	21	do	19
do "C" do do	20	do	18
Best Brown do do	18	do	17
do do do	17	do	16
do do do	16	do	15

OUR

STOCK of OIL,

Flour, Feed, Pork, Lard, Hams, Butter, Cheese, &c., will all be sold Cheap for Cash.

Best Cider Vinegar at 25 cents. Fresh cured Cod-fish at 6-tf G BULL & CO

NEW GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

STILL THEY COME AND ARE GOING FAST!

GOODS MUST BE SOLD!

PRICES DOWN!

50 Pieces New Spring Styles; M. Delaines Only 25 Cts; Modern Prints, Fast Colors, Only 15 Cents. Groceries Cheap.

TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK,

To Make Room for CARPETS, when the Price Comes Down a Little More.

Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Stripes, &c., Received every Week at Panic Prices, and will be sold at Low Figures.

E. E. WEEKS.

Racine, March 27, 1866. 13-apr28-tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HEREBY GIVES Notice that his wife having left him without just cause, he will hereafter pay no debts contracted by her.

GEORGE HERRICK.

Racine, Jan. 21, 1866.

☞ Timothy Seed, by

10-Mar-7-tf JOHN KIMBER.

WAR WITH FRANCE!

Maj. Gen. LOGAN

Appointed

MINISTER TO FRANCE!!

OLD SETTLERS AND NEW FIRM.

JONES & VAUGHAN,

Successors to

W. J. Willams,

Corner of Sixth & Wisconsin Streets.

CHOICE

Family Groceries,

CONSISTING OF

KEROSINE, SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, FRESH RAISINS, CURRANTS, STARCHES, MOLASSES, SOAP, CANDLES, Fine Cut, Plug, & Smoking Tobaccos OF THE BEST QUALITIES.

FLOUR!

Berlin City Mills,

Choice Family Winter Wheat, Double Extra Spring Wheat. Flour on hand in Barrels or Sacks at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL!

Corn Meal & Buckwheat Flour.

OUR MOTTO IS

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!

TERMS CASH.

R. BLAIR JONES. W. W. VAUGHAN. 521.

MULTUM IN PARVO!

$100,000

WORTH OF

DRY GOODS!

FOR SALE AT

138 Main Street.

PURCHASERS OF DRY GOODS should not think of buying without first examining this Mammoth stock of Cheap and Standard goods, the principal portion of which was purchased during the late

DEPRESSION IN THE MARKETS.

The subscriber having at present a

Resident Buyer

IN THE MARKETS

Customers can depend on finding at 138, Main Street,

NOVELTIES & BARGAINS!

As such are purchased and offered for sale in

BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

4-tf E. McENERY.

WESTERN UNION R. R.

ON AND AFTER MARCH 25TH 1866, trains on the above named road will arrive and depart as follows:

LEAVE RACINE,

For Savanna, Fort Byron, Rock Island and Davenport.

TRAIN NO 1, EXPRESS PASSENGER—at 12:20 p m, connecting at Racine Junction with trains from Chicago and Milwaukee; arrives at Clinton Junction at 9:12 p. m., Beloit 8:40 p. m., Freeport 6:22 p. m., Savanna 7:16 p. m., connecting with boat for Dubuque, and at Fulton 9:17 p. m., Fort Byron 10:30 p. m.

TRAIN NO. 5, THROUGH FREIGHT—at 5:40 p. m., arriving at Clinton Junction at 9:50 p. m.; Beloit 10:30 p. m; Freeport 1:00 a. m.; Savanna 4:15 a. m.; Port Byron 2:20 a. m., and making close connection here with trains for Rock Island.

TRAIN NO. 7, EXPRESS, FREIGHT AND PASSENGER—at 5:00 p. m., connecting at Racine Junction with trains from Milwaukee and Chicago; arriving at Clinton at 1:00 a. m.; Beloit 2:02 a. m.; Freeport 3:40 a. m.; Savanna 10:00 a. m.; (here making close connection with boat for Dubuque,) at Fulton 11:17 a. m., Port Byron 12:30 p. m.; here making close connection with boat for Rock Island and Davenport.

LEAVE RACINE FOR FREEPORT.

TRAIN NO. 3, WAY FREIGHT AND PASSENGER—at 9:35 a. m.; connecting at Racine Junction with train from Milwaukee; arriving at Clinton at 4:00 p. m.; Beloit 5:57 p. m., and at Freeport at 9:10 p. m.

LEAVE PORT BYRON FOR RACINE.

TRAIN NO. 2, EXPRESS PASSENGER—at 10:20 a. m., on arrival of boat from Rock Island and Davenport; arriving at Fulton at 11:17 a. m.; Savanna 12:00 m., making close connections with boat for Dubuque; at Freeport 2:02 p. m.; Beloit 3:40 p. m.; Clinton 4:10 p. m.; Racine 7:00 p. m., connecting at Racine Junction with train for Milwaukee and at Racine with boat for Chicago.

TRAIN NO. 6, THROUGH FREIGHT—at 8:00 p. m.; arrive at Fulton at 10:19 p. m.; Savanna 11:30 p. m.; Freeport 3:15 a. m.; Clinton 7:45 a. m.; Racine 1:00 p. m.

TRAIN NO. 8, EXPRESS, FREIGHT AND PASSENGER—at 6:00 p. m., on arrival of train from Rock Island; arrive at Fulton 7:18 p. m.; Savanna 8:30 p. m., making close connection with boat for Dubuque; at Freeport 12:30 a. m.; Beloit 2:56 a. m.; Clinton 4:45 a. m.; Racine 8:55 a. m., making close connection at Racine Junction with train for Chicago.

LEAVE FREEPORT FOR RACINE.

TRAIN NO. 4, WAY FREIGHT AND PASSENGER—at 4:00 a. m.; Beloit 9:38 a. m.; Clinton 10:40 a. m.; arrive at Racine 6:55 p. m., connecting at Racine Junction with train for Chicago.

R. C. TATE, Supt. Western Division.
E. S. WHEELER, Supt. Western Division.

Racine, March 27, 1866. 13-apr28-tf

THE KIDNEYS.

The kidneys are two in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat and consisting of three parts, viz.: The Anterior, the Interior, and the Exterior.

The anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tissues or veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine and convey it to the exterior. The exterior is a conductor also, terminating in a single tube and called the Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability, others urinate without the ability to retain. This frequently occurs to children.

To cure these affections

A Good Look at Harem Life.

Mrs. Emeline Lott, an English governess, who was employed for some months by Ishmail Pacha as a teacher to his son, has recently published a brace of curious volumes, entitled, 'Harem Life in Egypt and Constantinople.' The subjects handled therein have often been touched upon before; but never, we believe, so fully and freely as by Mrs. Lott, who, like the true Briton that she was, was disgusted with nearly everything that she saw. Her pictures of harem life are vivid, but as unsavory as the linen in the back-basket in which Falstaff was huddled by the Merry Wives of Windsor. Here, for instance, is an 'interior' in her best or worst style:

One morning, when I returned from the gardens, into which I had been strolling for a short time, I entered the Grand Pacha's reception room, and there I beheld one of the most extraordinary scenes imaginable. It was one of those nondescript tableaux to which only a Hogarth could have done justice. My feeble pendrawing must necessarily fall very short of the original; for there were their Highnesses, the Princesses, squatted on the carpet amidst a whole pile of trunks, most of which were much deeper than carriage imperials—a host of portmanteaus and carpet-bags of large and small dimensions—jewel-cases, and immense red leather sacks, capable of holding from six to eight matresses. They were all attired in filthy, dirty, crumpled muslins, shoeless and stockingless, their trowsers were tucked up above their knees, the sleeves of their paletots pinned above their elbows, their hair hanging loosely about their shoulders, as rough as a badger's back, totally unencumbered with their nets and handkerchiefs, but, pardon me, literally swarming with vermin! No Russian peasant could possibly have been more infested with live animals. In short, their *tout ensemble* was even more untidy than that of hardworking washerwomen at the tubs; nay, almost akin to Billingsgate fishwomen at home, for their conversation in their own vernacular was equally as low. They all swore in Arabic at their slaves, most lustily, banged them about right and left with any missile, whether light or heavy, with came within their reach.

A PHILANTHROPIST.—For many days all the population of Vilna had been in mourning; the man thus commemorated was only a Jew. Symcel Slizgol had begged for thirty years, holding in his hand a wooden bowl. Everywhere they knew his cry—'Remember the poor, the widows, the orphans.' During this time Slizgol had collected 90,000 rubles; but he did not keep a copper for himself. He solaced the sick, paid for the instruction of poor children, and gave food to the hungry. His evenings he devoted to the preparation of snuff, which he sold to meet his own need; that which remained he gave to the poor. Symcel was alone in the world.

— An important treaty between the Creek nation and the United States was signed on Saturday, the 19th inst., at the office of Indian Affairs. The Creeks, among other stipulations, cede the West half of their large domain, admit their emancipated negroes to equal and civil rights, grant the right of way for the construction of a railroad through their country, and also agree to such legislation on the part of Congress as may be necessary to establish a judicial system in the Indian Territories, and a general council, with definite legislative powers, composed of delegates from each nation.—*Kansas Tribune.*

— A Medford man who enlisted in a Roxbury (Conn) company, and was ten months in a rebel prison, lately returned to Roxbury to make his residence there, and was summoned to pay poll taxes for 1864 and 1865. He refused and was put in jail until he paid. There's meanness for you.

— One of the government revenue detectives seriously informs the Commissioner of Customs that the Canadian smugglers have laid pipes across the St. Lawrence river, and are engaged in pumping whisky from Canada to the United States. He says he is searching for the spout.

SAFE

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE.

RISKS TAKEN

ON ALL INSURABLE PROPERTY

BY ELDAD SMITH,

AGENT.

Office in Titus' Hall Block.

UNDERWRITERS AGENCY,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$3,500,000

SECURITY INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$1,402,000

LORILLARD INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$721,000

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$750,000

CROTON INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$820,000

CITY FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus.....$400,000

NORTH AMERICAN INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus.....$372,000

NORTHWESTERN INS. CO.,
Capital and Surplus.....$350,000

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS,
Capital and Surplus.....$240,000

MORRIS INSURANCE CO.,
NEW YORK.
Capital.....$900,000

COLUMBIAN MARINE INS. CO.
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$2,000,000

Representing near

Nine Millions of Capital,

Affording ample security to the assured. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Several of the above companies DIVIDE SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT OF THE PROFITS with the assured.

Please call at my office for information and terms of Insurance.

July2-tf-1y ELDAD SMITH, Agent.

CALIFORNIA

CIGAR STORE

CIGARS! CIGARS!

ALBERT HUSE

Wishes to inform his numerous friends and patrons that he has lately returned from California with a first class

Selection of Snuffs, Tobaccos,

CIGARS,

Meerschaums and other Pipes.

Having selected the above with the hopes of giving satisfaction, he invites the people of Racine to give him a call. Don't forget the address. Albert Huse, California Cigar Store, Market Square, four doors South Court House.

Racine, August 16th, 1865. 22-tf.

SPLENDID

JEWELRY, WATCHES,

DIAMONDS, &C.,

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

The House of HOSANQUET, GIRAUD & CO., Paris, have the pleasure of announcing that they have opened an Agency in the city of New York for the sale of their widely-known Jewelry, Watches, &c., and for the purpose of making their goods as extensively known and appreciated in the United States as they now are, and have been for over 70 years in Europe; they have determined on a plan by which poor and rich alike may have the advantage of their splendid styles. As a preliminary, they would remark that they manufacture and sell *no Imitation Jewelry or Watches*, but all are

WARRANTED GOLD OF THE

Finest Workmanship!

Our customers will also have the great advantage of a constant succession of new and tasteful styles and patterns with which we will keep our New York Agency supplied.

We have adopted the plan of sale, now so popular, of charging a uniform price, and this is one will invariably be $2.00 for each article, no matter how costly it may be. The expenses of conducting our New York Agency are paid by the sale of Certificates or Coupons, representing the various articles. These Certificates are sold at 50 cents each, or five for $2, and each Certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to, on payment of an additional $2. If the article named on the Certificate has not declined, the holder will oblige us, when he returns the Certificate, by stating what other article of the same value (or more if he or she prefer, and it will be sent with pleasure. *Variation is to please*, and every means to that end will be exerted. We solicit a trial from every one who reads this notice, as we are confident of giving the utmost satisfaction.

THE STOCK COMPRISES

Amongst other articles Splendid Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, Ringlets set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls, Garnet and other Stones (valued and in clusters), Ladies' Sets of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Earrings of the most fashionable styles, set in Precious Stones of every sort by, together with a large assortment of Gold and enameled and Pearl Sets, Gold studs and Sleeve Buttons of the most fashionable patterns, Gents' Breast and Scarf Pins, and an endless variety of Bracelets, Chains, Musical Boxes, Head Dresses, Combs, Charms, &c. In case any of our patrons are not in want of articles of Jewelry, and would prefer Silverware, we will send, for ANY Certificate returned to us, a richly engraved SET OF CASTORS or BUTTER DISH, beautifully chased and plated.

Agents are Wanted

in every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and, on application, a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office Orders, where they can be obtained, or by Bank Draft to our order. Address all orders to our Agency, which will be conducted by

Messrs. JAQUET, STERLING & Co.,
Dec5-3m 159 Broadway, New York.

NEW FIRM!

THE undersigned have formed a co-partnership and bought out the entire stock of the late John V. Evans two doors east of Heafner's Leather Store, on Sixth St.,

RACINE, - - WISCONSIN,

Where they will carry on the business of

Saddle, Harness and Collar Making,

in all its

Various Branches.

They will constantly keep on hand, at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES

all articles in their line, consisting of

Harness, Single and Double,
Collars,
Saddles,
Trunks,
Whips,
Horse Blankets,
Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.

None but the Best Workmen Employed, or the Best Material used.

All Goods Made to Order, Warranted to Please or no Sale.

Carriage Trimming

done on short notice.

We have established a

Wholesale Collar Manufactory,

And will supply the trade at as low rates as they can be purchased at any other

Establishment in the West.

J. C. BROOKER.
8-feb21-tf. H. A. GERE.

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity to inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Shoe Shop across the way from his old stand, and is now opening of the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

that was ever opened in Racine. His stock is all made under his supervision, and he can warrant it to give

PERFECT SATISFATION.

Every variety of Shoes

LADIES, CHILDREN,

Misses and Boys,

as well as a very large stock of

BOOTS FOR GENTLEMEN,

can be found on his shelves. He flatters himself that by having the

Best of Workmen

and using the

BEST OF STOCK,

he can make work that

CANNOT BE BEAT

in this city.

Repairing done on Short Notice, and at a Reasonable Price.

Remember the place, at No. 90 Main Street, formerly McCreary & Sons' old stand.

Racine, March 5, 1869. D. RHODES.

Clover Seed at
10-Mar-7-1- JOHN KINZIE.

Racine Variety Store.

KLEIN & BROS.,

132, Main St. 132.

WE HAVE A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED Stock of

Tobacco, Cigars, Genuine Meerschaum and other Pipes, Ladies' and Gents Pocket Books, Wallets, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Razors, Razor Strops, Brushes, Accordeons, Violin Strings, Ladies' Travelling and Work Baskets—a Fine Assortment, Beads, Market Baskets, Clothes Baskets, Churns Wash Tubs, &c., &c.,

For Sale at Low Prices.

Our Stock of Tobacco is the

BEST ASSORTED

and largest in the City, and embraces the very finest brands of

Fine-Cut, Plug and Smoking,

and our prices are such that we

FEAR no COMPETITION.

The Celebrated Old Lynchburg Killicalnick can be found at our Store.

Cigars, the very best Brands, at Wholesale and Retail.

Liquors for Medical Purposes,

Genuine old French Cognac Brandy,
Holland Gin,
Jamaica Rum,
Peach Brandy

and the best

OLD BOURBON WHISKY,

All of which we warrant GENUINE AND PURE, always on hand. 8-feb21-tf.

137 MAIN ST.,

RACINE, WIS.

RAYMOND & JONES,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers

IN

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE!

Iron & Steel,

NAILS & STOVES.

Manufacturers of

Japanned, Tin, Copper And Sheet Iron Ware,

FARMING TOOLS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!

THE LARGEST

AND

Best Assorted Stock

OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES

In the Market,

Which will be Sold Cheap for Cash!

Our Facilities for JOBBING and REPAIRING are Unsurpassed!

Ma H. RAYMOND,
THOS. JONES.

Books & Stationery,

ETC., ETC.

Mrs. A. J. PEAVEY,

BURNED OUT IN THE DESTRUCtion of Titus Hall Building has rented the store lately occupied by N. R. McFarland, and is now located in the

Baker House Block,

next door to R. R. Northrup & Co's bank, where she will keep on hand a full assortment of

SCHOOL BOOKS,

BLANK BOOKS,

Bibles and Prayer Books,

Photograph Albums.

NOTE, LETTER AND CAP PAPERS,

ENVELOPES OF EVERY STYLE,

PICTURES, FRAMES AND MOULDINGS,

SHEET MUSIC AND MUSIC BOOKS.

THE

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

Saved at the fire will be Sold

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST

To clear out the stock, and in future Miscellaneous Books will be delivered to order promptly, at publisher' Prices.

Mrs. Peavey is Agent for the

WHEELER & WILSON

Sewing Machine,

The best machine in the world, and warranted to give satisfaction.

The highest price, in cash or trade, paid for Paper Rags. Mrs. A. J. PEAVEY.

Racine, Jan. 24, 1865.

E. J. WICKHAM & Co.

GROCERS.

For Teas, Choice Brands,

GO TO E. J. WICKHAM & Co.'s

FOR SUGARS OF ALL QUALITIES

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

FOR COFFEES,

[ALL KINDS, WHOLE OR GROUND,]

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s.

FOR SPICES OF ALL KINDS,

(Whole or Ground)

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

FOR SOAPS AND CANDLES

OF ALL KINDS,

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

For Syrups & Molasses go to

E. J. WICKHAM & CO.'S

For Anything in

THE GROCERY LINE!

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

FOR OYSTERS!

Platt & Co.'s Celebrated Brand

GO TO E. J. WICKHAM & CO.'S

DRY GOODS!

Now is the Time to Buy

BEFORE THE PRICES RAISE

J. DIETRICH,

Corner 6th & Wisconsin St., Racine.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY STOCK of FALL and WINTER GOODS, the *Largest and best selected Stock ever brought to Racine!* Such as

MERINOS, ALAPACCAS, MOHAIR,

DRESS GOODS, CALICOS & DeLAINES, &c.,

ALSO

Flannels of all Kinds,

Bleached & Brown Muslins,

Linen & White Goods,

Goods for Men & Boys' Wear,

Besides

AN EXTENSIVE STOCK

OF

ASSORTED GROCERIES!

My Stock was Bought

BEFORE GOODS RAISED!

And Will Be

SOLD ACCORDINGLY.

39-2m J. DIETRICH.

Largest and Cheapest

Furniture Wareroom

IN RACIN

FRED. IBING, MANUFACTURER. No. 4 Main street, near the Racine and Mississippi Railroad depot. No Eastern slop work. Furniture to suit the times—Mahogany, Cherry, Oak and Black Walnut.

We invite the public to call and examine our stock of

Tete a Tetes, Sofas,
Centre Tables, Lounges,
Card Tables, Ottomans,
Secretaries, Book Cases,
Wardrobes, Bureaus,
Chamber Setts, Looking Glasses, &c

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings

FOR PICTURE FRAMES.

Oval Frames for Portraits & Photographs

He is the agent in this city of Fisk & Crane's air-tight and indestructible

Metallic Burial Cases.

These preserve the body from decomposition and prevent the emission of offensive odor, and are the most suitable thing for its use that has ever been invented.

Walnut and Cherry Polished Coffins,

on hand or made to order at the shortest notice.

August 20, 1862. FRED. IBING.

GILLETT, ROWLEY & BRO.,

HAVING SUCCEEDED TO THE

Washington Market

AS SUCCESSORS TO

GORTON & LOVELL,

WISH TO INFORM ALL THE PEOple of Racine who love to eat the best of

FRESH MEATS

in their season, that their experience enables them to furnish the choicest selection which can be found anywhere. They will endeavor to maintain the reputation of the

WASHINGTON MARKET,

and give their patrons the fullest satisfaction in

Cuts and Prices

at all times. They have a well ventilated

ICE HOUSE

in their market, in which their meats are always kept sweet and cool.

Hams, Dried Meat, Pickled Tongues, and Sausages

always on hand. Orders promptly filled and delivered to any part of the city, free of charge.

JAMES GORTON, MARK ROWLEY, JOSEPH ROWLEY.
June 14, 1865.

TO THE LADIES.

GEO. H. REED & Co.'s

LIQUID

DOMESTIC DYES

THE constant demand we have had for LIQUID DYES has induced us to put up a complete line of

40 SHADES, ALL LIQUIDS,

which will recommend themselves to everyone who has ever used liquid Dyes for

Brilliancy of Color,
Simplicity of Use,
Certainty of Satisfaction.

[Complete directions for use with every package.]

USE THE BEST ARTICLE.

See Certificates from Eminent Chemists on each Package.

Samples actually dyed with each of the colors on silk or woolen, may be seen at the Drug Stores.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

If you desire to USE GOOD COLORS, inquire for REED'S DOMESTIC DYES, *and take no other kind.*

GEO. H. REED & CO.,

Manufacturers. 42-4

FURNITURE.

M. SPIECH,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE,

On Sixth Street,

a few doors West of the Baptist Church, is prepared to sell

Furniture

of all kinds, as cheap as can be purchased in this city.

Gilt, Rosewood and Oval Frames

FOR

PICTURES AND PHOTOGRAPHS.

Ready Made Coffins always on hand, or made to order. We have a good supply of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings for Picture Frames. Persons having pictures to frame will do well to give me a call.

Racine, May 6, 1868.

THE UNDERSIGNED, RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Racine and vicinity that he is regularly licensed as an

AUCTIONEER,

and has authority to sell either in the city or State. All orders sent through the Post Office will meet with prompt attention. 46-tf. J. A. DARWELL.

J. B. ROWLEY'S

Insurance Agency.

Capital Represented, $9,000,000.

Fire Insurance Companies.

New England—Assets,	$244,078
North American—Assets,	697,837
Home, New Haven—Assets	659,070
Charter Oak—Assets,	360,000
Columbia—Assets,	559,000

Life Insurance Company.

Connecticut Mutual—Assets,	$7,000,000

The above Companies use policies on as favorable terms as other responsible companies. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

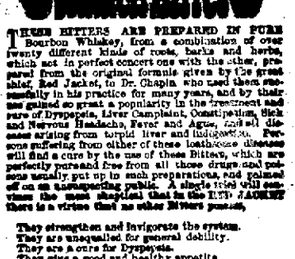
Life Insurance.

Persons desiring Life Insurance, are invited to investigate the standing and plan of the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL before making an application elsewhere, as by so doing they may save nearly half their money.

J. B. ROWLEY, Agent.

L. JANES, Solicitor.

Office at J. Humphrey's Clothing Store, Main St., Racine. may24



THESE BITTERS ARE PREPARED IN PURE Bourbon Whiskey, from a combination of over twenty different kinds of roots, barks and herbs, which act in perfect concert one with the other, prepared from the original formula given by the great chief, Red Jacket, to Dr. Chapin, who used them successfully in his practice for many years, and by their use gained so great a popularity in the treatment and cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Sick and Nervous Headache, Fever and Ague, and all diseases arising from torpid liver and biliousness. Persons suffering from either of these loathsome diseases will find a cure by the use of these Bitters, which are perfectly pure and free from all those drugs and poisons usually put up in such preparations, and palmed off on an unsuspecting public. A single trial will convince the most skeptical that in the RED JACKET there is a virtue that no other Bitters possess.

They strengthen and invigorate the system.
They are unequalled for general debility.
They are a cure for Dyspepsia.
They give a good and healthy appetite.
They assist digestion.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Diarrhœa and Cholera Morbus.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They are the best stimulant in existence.
They are a preventive of Fever and Ague.
They relieve Constipation.
They cure Nervous Headache.
They are perfectly pure and palatable.

The genuine *RED JACKET BITTERS* are only sold in quart bottles; never by the gallon, quart or pint. See that our private Government stamp is unbroken over each cork.

Sold by all druggists and dealers throughout the country.

Call for Red Jacket, and take no other.

Circulars to the trade supplied on application.

BENNETT PIETERS & CO.,
Proprietors.
81 and 83 MICHIGAN AVENUE,
CHICAGO.

10-mar7-1y.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE REGULATING PILLS

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression. They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or laborious menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Fluors, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but *ladies must bear in mind* that, *there is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PERTINENT RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE.—Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive powers of nature cannot resist it.* THEY CANNOT ACT IN ANY OTHER WAY.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the only Medicine that MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with IMMEDIATE and PERSISTENT SUCCESS.—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want *the BEST and most RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!!

They have received, and are now receiving, the sanction of the most *eminent Physicians in America.*

EXPLICIT DIRECTIONS with each Box—the price, *One Dollar per Box*, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent *by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds.

Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
28 Dey Street, New York.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER and LORD & SMITH, Wholesale Agents. Sold in Racine by all Druggists. Sold in Kenosha by Dr. STARKWEATHER and WHEELER & CLARK. July12-1y

PRODUCE & COMMISSION!

Flour! Flour!!
Feed! Feed!

LAWTON BRO'S,

No. 154, Main Street

DEALERS IN

WINTER, SPRING, GRAHAM, & RYE FLOUR, also CORN MEAL, BRAN, OATS, CORN, BALE HAY, FEED, POTATOES, ONIONS, BEANS, PEAS, FLAX SEED TIMOTHY SEED, AND ALL OTHER SEEDS. Also BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF PRODUCE.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

WE HAVE ALSO SORGHUM MACHINERY, CORN SHELLERS, CIDER MILLS AND SCALES. WE HAVE

Constantly on hand,
St. LOUIS WHITE
WINTER WHEAT
FLOUR.

Prompt Attention paid to

CONSIGNMENTS.

LAWTON BROS.

RACINE, WIS., Dec. 19, 1865.

DRIVER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings

of all kinds, Siding, Flooring, Shingles, Broom Handles, &c. 1m30

Strange But True.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant, THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
9-1y 181 Broadway, New York.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR

THROAT, AND Lungs.

DR. STRICKLAND'S

Mellifluous Cough Balsam

Is warranted to be the only preparation known to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Chronic Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis and Croup.—Being prepared from Honey and Herbs it is healing, softening, and expectorating, and particularly suitable for all affections of the Throat and Lungs. For sale by Druggists everywhere.

DR. STRICKLAND TONIC

DYSPEPSIA.

DR. STRICKLAND'S TONIC is a concentrated preparation of Roots and Herbs, with antiacids and carminatives to strengthen the stomach and nervous system. It is a certain remedy for Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, Acidity of the Stomach, Flatulency and Debility. It is not alcoholic, therefore particularly suited for Weak, Nervous and dyspeptic persons. For sale by all druggists everywhere at $1 per bottle.

STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY.

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate Relief and effects a permanent cure.—Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

For sale by all druggists at 50 cents per bottle. jan17-1y.

HALL'S

Vegetable Sicilian

HAIR RENEWER,

As the name indicates, not only arrests the growth of the hair when thin and falling off, but positively *renews the color to its original shade* when it is turning gray or white, whether caused by disease, or old age.

It will certainly do what is claimed for it, a fact to which hundreds, yea thousands, who have used it, are ready and willing to testify. Where one bottle is fairly used, in any community, its reputation "spreads like wild fire," and is the best advertisement and recommendation we desire. In the Eastern States, where the "RENEWER" originated, the young ladies use it as a hair dressing; it is found on the toilet tables of young men, (also at their barbers), while elder men and women who desire a *Restorer* and *Renovator* for their grey locks and bald heads will not be without this article, which gives in every instance, entire satisfaction.

CAUTION.

Don't let any druggist or dealer urge upon you a different article, as there is no preparation in the world like this. Beware of any article purporting to be the same.

Try HALL'S HAIR RENEWER according to Directions, and you will use no other.

If not sold at druggists in your town, a trial bottle will be sent you by express, upon receipt of one dollar by mail, thus giving you an opportunity at once of testing its excellent qualities.

Orders for *trial bottles* must be addressed to

C. A. COOK, Chicago,
Gen'l Agent for Northwestern States,

R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietors, Nashua, N. H

Sold at WHOLESALE, in Chicago, by FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, BURNHAM & VAN SCHANCK, LORD & SMITH, SMITH & DWYER, J. H. REED & Co., CHAS. G. SMITH, DIETZCH, BLOCKI & CO., E. SCOVIL, W. D. HARRIS & CO., POST & RADEAU, and by druggists and dealers generally.

NEW PERFUME

For the Handkerchief.

PHALON'S

BLOOMING CERESUS

A Most Exquisite, Delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by PHALON & SON,
NEW YORK.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by Druggists generally.

BIOKRENE

OR

LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK

YOUTH TO THE AGED!

THIS PREPARATION IS UNEQUALled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE

CURES *Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Irritability, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most delightful, desirable and novel effect upon the nervous system*; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their NATURAL VIGOR, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The FEEBLE, the LANGUID, the DESPAIRING, the OLD should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable to nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief to Dyspeptics with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will invigorate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
28 Dey Street, New York.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER and LORD & SMITH, Chicago, Wholesale Agents. jy1y12-1y

Lyon's Periodical Drops.

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speak in terms of the highest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest and most infallible remedy in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, accompany each bottle, without preventing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared and sold by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 186 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1.50 per bottle.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
6-1y Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canada.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

94 Main Street,

RACINE, WISCONSIN.

ELMLINGER

Has just returned

NEW YORK

the largest and best selected stock of

GOODS & CLOTHING

ever to this market. He carries on the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

AND

MAKES TO ORDER

All kinds of the most fashionable

GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING.

HE

Furnishing Goods

he will sell at prices to suit the times. He also keeps on hand a variety of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings.

LINENS, SHIRTS, COLLARS,

Neck Ties, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., which he offers to the public at the lowest figures for cash. As he is respectfully solicited.

June 1, 1865. june7

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TRUNK AND HARNESS

ESTABLISHMENT.

EDWIN FOSTER, NO. 131 MAIN ST., Racine, is now ready to

Supply the Trade

with a splendid variety of

TRUNKS, HARNESSES,

VALISES,

SADDLES, WHIPS,

AND EVERY THING IN HIS LINE.

The articles of his manufacture

Cannot be Excelled

For Style, Beauty of Workmanship, or Durability.

Racine, June 1, 1865. june7tf

BOOTS AND SHOES

JOHN BECK,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Racine and vicinity, that they have just received their

SPRING STOCK

OF

Ladies, Misses and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

Balmorals, Slippers.

Also, every kind of

BOOTS & SHOES.

For Men and Boy's wear.

CUSTOM WORK

of every description on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch, at the

Belle City Boot & Shoe Store

156 MAIN ST. 156.

SCHUMACHER & RITCHIE,

No. 128 Main Street, Racine,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND LIQUORS.

We keep on hand the best and choicest stock of

CHEWING TOBACCO,

PLUG AND FINE CUT,

Pipes & Smokers Articles

in great varieties, and as fine an assortment of

LIQUORS,

and Imported

RHEIN WINES,

as ever brought to this market.

GIVE US A CALL.

S. SCHUMACHER. 1m6 S. RITCHIE.

DR. MARK'S

SYPHILITIC CURE.

This Celebrated Remedy is an Infallible Cure for SYPHILIS in the Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Stages.

IN ALL LARGE CITIES THERE EXists a contagious SEXUAL disease called SYPHILIS, which is capable of transmission by inoculation.

DR. MARK'S SYPHILITIC CURE

is the only medicine that will cure SYPHILIS in all its various and complicated forms, and thoroughly eradicate the syphilitic poison or virus from the system.

SYMPTOMS OF THE FIRST OR PRIMARY STAGE.

This is known by chancres or ulcers appearing soon after an exposure. To cure the first stage, use Dr. Mark's Syphilitic Cure Pills and Syphilitic Wash, etc., which never fails to cure Syphilis in a few days. From five to fifteen days faithful treatment usually suffices to cure the first stage. One or two packages never fails to cure this stage. Price per package, $12 50.

SYMPTOMS OF THE SECONDARY STAGE OF SYPHILIS.

This is known by the following: Ulcers in the Mouth, Nose, Throat, Glands, Skin, Head, Nails, Mucous Membranes, Cancerous Sores on the Arms and Legs, Eruptions on the Skin, Scrofula, etc. To cure the second stage, use Dr. Mark's Syphilitic Cure Pills and Throat Wash, if the throat is ulcerated—if not, omit the wash.

These medicines are an infallible cure for this stage if used a sufficient length of time to eradicate the poison from the system. Price per package, $10 50, including Throat Wash—if omitted, $9 00 per package.

SYMPTOMS OF THIRD OR TERTIARY STAGE SYPHILIS.

This stage is known by the following symptoms:—Nodes or hard and painful Tumors on the Bones, Enlargements of the Joints, or Contractions, Hard Pains in the Bones and Joints, Caries or Decay of the Bones, Syphilitic Rheumatism, Ulceration of the Parts, etc. To cure the Third or Tertiary Stage, use Dr. Mark's Syphilitic Cure and Pills. These medicines will cure the longest standing and worst cases. They will cure the most excruciating pains in the Bones and Joints in a few days.—Price per package, $9.00.

Advice to the Afflicted.

Read the symptoms above described of each stage of Syphilis, and procure at once the medicines for the stage with which you suffer. They will effectually cure you.

A Treatise on Syphilitic Diseases, giving plain directions to cure the different stages, accompanies each package of the medicine.

N. B.—DR. MARK'S SYPHILITIC CURE AND PILLS are an infallible cure for RHEUMATISM, no matter how long standing or how bad. They remove the CAUSE, and the CURE is CERTAIN and PERMANENT. Price $9 00 per package.

The Medicines will be sent by Express to all parts of the country, on receipt of the money, and 25 cents additional to pay for boxing and shipping.

Prepared and sold by Dr. D. EASTERLY & CO., No. 70 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo., and at their Branch store, No. 99 Madison street, Chicago, Illinois.

DR. EASTERLY'S

Vegetable Pain Killer

Will cure Bruises, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps or Spasms, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery or Bowel Complaints, Nervous Affections, Pain in the Face, Painters' Colic, Ague in the Face, Pain in the Back and Limbs, and, in fact, wherever it is applied.

PAIN CANNOT EXIST.

THIS IS THE MOST SPEEDY AND Efficacious Medicine ever discovered, to relieve persons suffering PAIN. It is used internally and externally with never-failing success. As a Family Medicine it is invaluable.

DR. EASTERLY'S PAIN KILLER

is the best remedy known for the Cure of CHOLERA.—Should that awful scourge again visit the United States, as it is feared it will, every family should supply themselves with this Medicine, to use in the early stage of the disease.

Price 25 cents per bottle.

Prepared and sold by Dr. E. EASTERLY & CO., No. 70 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold at their Branch Medicine Store, No. 99 Madison street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES, READ THIS.

Dr. HOOPER'S

FEMALE CORDIAL.

This Elegant and Popular Medicine will Cure all Female Complaints, such as Excessive, Painful or Suppressed Menstruation, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling of the Womb, and all Irregularities of the Monthly Periods. It will also bring on the Menses when checked by Colds, and all unnatural causes.

FEMALES SUFFERING UNDER ANY of the difficulties above enumerated, should not fail to use

Dr. HOOPER'S FEMALE CORDIAL.

It is the most pleasant and infallible remedy ever invented for the cure of female complaints. Ladies, try it.

Price $1 50 per bottle.

Prepared